

Hawaiian Gazette.

VOL. XXXIII. NO. 103.

HONOLULU, H. I. TUESDAY, DECEMBER 27, 1898.—SEMI-WEEKLY.

WHOLE NO. 2032

Hawaiian Gazette.

SEMI-WEEKLY.

ISSUED TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.

W. N. ARMSTRONG, EDITOR.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:

PER MONTH.....\$.50
PER MONTH, FOREIGN......75
PER YEAR.....6.00
PER YEAR, FOREIGN.....8.00

—Payable invariably in Advance.—

A. W. PEARSON,
Business Manager.

Lorrin A. Thurston. Alfred W. Carter.

THURSTON & CARTER.

Attorneys-at-Law. Merchant Street
next to Post Office.

LYLE A. DICKEY.

ATTORNEY AT LAW AND NOTARY
Public. P. O. Box 196, Honolulu,
H. I. King and Bethel Streets.

W. R. CASTLE.

ATTORNEY AT LAW AND NOTARY
Public. Attends all Courts of the
Republic. Honolulu, H. I.

CATHCART & PARKE.

ATTORNEYS AT LAW. 13 KAAHU-
mann Street.

W. F. ALLEN

WILL BE PLEASED TO TRANSACT
any business entrusted to his care.
Office over Bishop's Bank.

WHITNEY & NICHOLS.

DENTAL ROOMS ON FORT STREET.
Office in Brewer's Block, cor. Fort
and Hotel Sts.; entrance, Hotel St.

M. S. GRINBAUM & CO., LTD.

Importers and Commission Mer-
chants.
San Francisco and Honolulu.
215 Front St. Queen St.

H. HACKFELD & CO., LTD.

GENERAL COMMISSION AGENTS
Queen St. Honolulu, H. I.

ED. HOFFSCHLAGER & CO.

IMPORTERS AND COMMISSION
Merchants. King and Bethel Sts.,
Honolulu, H. I.

F. A. SCHAEFER & CO.

IMPORTERS AND COMMISSION
Merchants. Honolulu, Hawaiian
Islands.

JOHN T. WATERHOUSE.

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN GEN-
eral Merchandise. Queen Street,
Honolulu.

Robert Lewers, F. J. Lowrey, C. M. Cooke

LEWERS & COOKE.

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
Lumber and Building Materials.
Office: 414 Fort Street.

HAWAIIAN WINE CO.

FRANK BROWN MANAGER, 28 and
30 Merchant St., Honolulu, H. I.

THE WESTERN AND HAWAIIAN
INVESTMENT CO., LTD.

MONEY LOANED FOR LONG OR
short periods on approved security.
W. W. HALL, Manager.

WILDER & CO.

LUMBER, PAINTS, OILS, NAILS,
Salt, and Building Materials of all
Kinds.

HONOLULU IRON WORKS CO.

MACHINERY OF EVERY DEScrip-
tion made to order.

H. E. MCINTYRE & BRO.

GROCERY AND FEED STORE.
Corner King and Fort Streets,
Honolulu.

C. HUSTACE.

Wholesale and Retail Grocer.
212 King St. Tel. 119.
FAMILY, PLANTATION AND SHIPS'
Stores Supplied on Short Notice.
New Goods by every steamer. Or-
ders from the other islands faith-
fully executed.

CONSOLIDATED SODA WATER
WORKS CO., Ltd.

Esplanade, Cor. Fort and Allen Sts.
HOLLISTER & CO., Agents.

ARMY FOR CUBA

Adjt.-Gen. Corbin Says 50,-
000 Men Required.

LARGE FORCE FOR PHILIPPINES

But a Small Command Will be Left
for the Mainland—Military
Problems are Serious.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 14.—Adjt. Gen. Corbin appeared today before the house committee on military affairs. His statements attracted unusual interest because of their direct reference to conditions in Cuba, Porto Rico and the Philippines and the military requirements on which the war department was acting. As to the need of an increased army, Gen. Corbin said that was a most serious proposition. He proceeded:

"The Cuban evacuation commission has submitted a statement that in order to preserve order and restore order in Cuba it will require the presence of an army of 50,000 men. 'It is my recommendation,' said Gen. Corbin, 'that the plan of sending troops to Cuba was based. It might be found that 50,000 men would not be absolutely requisite. But we are holding 50,000 men in readiness to go if required.'"

As to the Philippines, Gen. Otis in command there had recommended that 25,000 men were required. In Porto Rico the officers in command there reported that the force now on hand, is about adequate for requirements. It is about 6,000.

That makes 81,000—50,000 for Cuba, 25,000 for the Philippines and about 6,000 for Porto Rico, leaving from an army of 100,000 men about 18,000 for reserves at home.

"Do you think 50,000 for Cuba a conservative estimate?" asked Mr. Jett, of Illinois.

"I think it is," answered the General. "And how long will that last?" asked Mr. Hay.

"I wish I could say," answered Gen. Corbin. "But no man can say. You cannot view conditions in Cuba as you can in Ohio. For 100 years the people there have been accustomed to be ruled by force. The officers there fear that, with these conditions and habits, if troops are not there, trouble may occur."

HAVANA, Dec. 16.—Capt. McCullough, the former chief of police of New York, has reported to Gen. Green his plan for the policing of Havana. The force will amount to one thousand men.

Bennington Baseball.

A warmly contested game of baseball was played Saturday afternoon at the Makiki grounds between two nines from the Bennington, the Wela Ka Hio and the Sure Things, resulting in a victory for the former team. Score—17 to 15.

It is understood that the two teams will play a second game in the near future. The line-up in Saturday's game was as follows:

Wela Ka Hio:—Montagu, 2nd base; Babin, pitcher and catcher; MacKay, left field (captain); Sexton, center field and shot stop; Reid, short stop and pitcher; Johnston, catcher; Walton, right field; Jay, 3rd base; Reuter, 1st base; Conow, center field. Sure Things:—Becker, 1st base; Dickerson, right field; Flint, short stop; Raynor, pitcher; Ducahey, catcher; Foster, 2nd base; Cockerton, 3rd base; Bonst, left field; Burbank, center field.

Messrs. Woodburn and Hayden of the Bennington umpired the game in a very satisfactory manner.

For Wray Taylor.

Wray Taylor, leader, received a handsome Christmas gift from the members of the Amateur Orchestra. This was token of the esteem in which the musicians hold Mr. Taylor as a trainer and as a friend. He is the organizer of the orchestra and has been tireless in efforts for its benefit. The present is a beautiful oaken music cabinet, standing about seven feet. On an oval shaped golden plate is the inscription: "Wray Taylor. From the Amateur Orchestra, Dec. 25, 1898." Mr. Taylor quite naturally prizes the gift very highly.

Only a Yarn.

A story was circulated yesterday that Sunday night several bombs were thrown into President Dole's yard which exploded with sufficient force to do damage, and that the night watchman drew a revolver which he fired six times at the miscreants. As usual it was a rumor without any foundation. The "bombs" were firecrackers thrown by celebrators on Punchbowl some distance from the Executive mansion, while the gun reports were from a yard adjoining the President's, where two men were shooting at a target.

"Very Rare."

On the published list of accessions to Golden Gate Park Memorial Museum during last month was:
M. H. de Young—One insignia or decoration of the "King Kalakaua Order of Honor." Very rare, as only a few were ever conferred.

HAWAII BEFORE CONGRESS.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—Assistant Secretary Howell, of the Treasury Department, was heard by the committee on ways and means today on the need of extending the tariff laws to Hawaii as soon as possible. He read a letter from Harold Sewall, formerly United States Minister there, and now Special Agent of the Treasury, stating that this immediate extension of the laws was imperative, in order to prevent the irregular entry of goods to the United States by way of Hawaii.

The committee agreed to the immediate extension proposed, and Hawaii will be established as one of the customs districts, with three sub-ports of entry, viz: Hilo, Mahukona and Kahului.

The Collector of Customs will have headquarters at Honolulu and will receive \$4,000 salary. Speedy action by the House will be secured.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—The Hawaiian tariff bill was perfected by the Ways and Means Committee today and introduced by Mr. Dingley. There is necessity for the prompt passage of the bill, says the accompanying report, because it is said that there is a concerted plan of foreign dealers to send large quantities of merchandise to Hawaii and enter it under the Hawaiian tariff, with a view of taking advantage of the nominal duties, and subsequently to ship it to other parts of the United States as articles of domestic commerce.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 16.—The Senate Committee on Foreign Relations made some progress today with the bill reported by the Hawaiian Committee for the government of the Hawaiian Islands, but adjourned until next Monday without completing the work.

IN COURT CONTEMPT IS ATTORNEY DAVIS.

This is the fourth day of Attorney Geo. A. Davis in Oahu prison for contempt of court. He was visited on Sunday and yesterday by a number of friends and found to be in a much better frame of mind than when committed by Judge Perry on Saturday last. Mr. Davis, by order of the court, is in the custody of Acting Marshal Hitchcock. The prisoner is making strenuous efforts to secure his release, or at any rate a hearing.

On Saturday Mr. Davis was fined \$50 for contempt of court in that he had filed for record an affidavit intimating prejudice and misconduct on the part of the court in the now famous case of Porter vs. the Hawaiian Pork Packing Co. Then Mr. Davis lost his temper. He turned loose on Judge Perry a regular torrent of invective, saying that he had anticipated just such treatment from the court and that Judge Perry had been biased against him for a long time. He accused the Judge of unfairness. His remarks were on the order of burning eloquence and the tide could not be stemmed by rapping or warning or calls upon the bailiffs for suppression. Finally Judge Perry ordered ten days imprisonment for the attorney.

Mr. Davis applied to Chief Justice Judd for a writ of habeas corpus yesterday, alleging that Judge Perry had exceeded jurisdiction, as the proceedings were in Chambers and not in the open court of the regular term. The Chief Justice did not consider the point well taken and declined to issue a writ. Mr. Davis will today appeal to Associate Justice Whiting. On leaving the Chambers session Saturday, Mr. Davis wished the Judge a Merry Christmas, not forgetting to secure permission to file exceptions for his client in twenty days.

This case has twice been won for Porter by Davis. The second verdict was set aside by Judge Perry on the ground that Davis had improperly presented certain testimony to the jury.

Crowded Streets.

The principal business streets of the town presented an animated appearance on Saturday night. The shops were crowded. So many people were down town that the sidewalks overflowed and there were several times genuine blockades on Fort and King and Hotel and Nuuanu.

All of Saturday evening there was plenty of noise with horns and torpedoes. There were a number of drunken men about. The fireworks business was rather overdone. Some bombs were thrown amongst the lei women on Nuuanu and one firecracker set fire to the clothing of Mrs. Ahlo. On account of the fireworks alone a number of arrests were made.

Another Horse Slashed.

Capt. Robert Parker, of the city police, is again angered and mystified. With all his Saturday night work he was not able to get home till about 2 o'clock Sunday morning. A driving horse of his that was grazing in the yard he placed in the barn. At 4:30 the Captain arose to drive with his wife to the fish market. He found that in the two hours and a half he had been in the house someone had entered the barn and had inflicted several heavy knife wounds on the horse. The cuts are painful, but the animal will not die. This is the third horse that Capt. Parker has had treated in this way within six months.

With the Cincograph.

The cincograph was introduced in Honolulu to a small audience at the opera house on Saturday night. The machinery did not work very well, as there had been failure to get the re-

quired electrical connection. The singing was good.

Last evening the cincograph was shown at Kamehameha and a most successful exhibition was given. The light was all right and the pictures were given life size. The applause was frequent.

HAPPILY MATED.

Pretty Church Marriage of Popular Young People.

On Christmas Eve at 8 o'clock at St. Andrew's Cathedral, the popular and efficient young Deputy Marshal, Charles Frederick Chillingworth, and Miss Anna Victoria Stratemeyer were united in marriage, the ceremony being performed by the Rev. Vincent H. Kikau. Though the affair was announced as private it was impossible to keep away from the church the friends of the young couple, who were there in large numbers. The strains of the Lohengrin Bridal March announced the arrival of the bride, who, leaning on the arm of her father, Geo. C. Stratemeyer, the well known Port Surveyor, slowly walked to the chancel up the center aisle, where stood the bridegroom and the officiating clergyman. As the interesting ceremony proceeded Wray Taylor played very soft music on the organ, including De Koven's "Oh Promise Me." Miss Mary Chillingworth, sister of the bridegroom, was bridesmaid, and Mr. A. L. C. Atkinson, Deputy Attorney General, the best man. The bride looked very pretty in her becoming bridal costume and the wedding ceremony was a very interesting one, joining together as it did two very popular young Hawaiians. Mendelssohn's Wedding March and Hawaii Ponoi were played at the conclusion of the ceremony after the newly married couple had affixed their signatures to the register. A reception followed at the home of the young couple on Emma street.

A Native Stabbed.

An Hawaiian who lives near the Railroad depot was stabbed last night by a drunken native. The victim of the knife is said to keep a "swipes joint" at his house. Two men went into the house early in the evening and purchased, it is alleged a quantity of the liquor, and took it away with them. Returning later very much intoxicated, they asked for drink which was refused them. They insisted when the owner of the place ordered them out. A fight ensued in which the householder was cut with a knife. Captain Parker was summoned and had the injured man removed to the Queen's Hospital. One of the men in the fight was placed under arrest and the other one will probably be captured today. The knife has not been found. It is not known whether the stabs are dangerous. Two of the cuts were very slight and one penetrated the side fully two inches.

Christmas Tree at Makiki.

The little tots and big folks were made happy last Friday night at the Makiki school house by a magic lantern exhibition and Christmas tree. Long before the hour for opening had arrived the children and parents began to gather around the school house door. Just at 7 the exercises began. The program consisted of Kindergarten and motion songs by the primary class, and recitations, solos and choruses by the older pupils. Then the room was darkened and Col. Evans gave one of the best magic lantern exhibitions that has been seen on the Islands. Finally the tree was stripped of its fruit—bags of candy and nuts for the seventy little ones.

To Miss Mary Ferreira and Miss Emma Lyons are due the success of the evening. There were about 150 present.

IS A NAVAL MAN

Dewey Will Not Talk of
Philippine Future.

FRIENDLY FEELING IS GROWING

Agitators and Their Admissions.
The Newspapers—Chances
for Americans—Germans.

MANILA, Dec. 16.—Rear Admiral Dewey, when the correspondent of the Associated Press called on him today, was courteous and pleasant, but absolutely declined to discuss the political situation in the Philippines, on the ground that his sphere was purely naval. He then proceeded to cross-examine the correspondent about everything ashore. He was glad to learn that the insurgents were releasing the sick Spanish soldiers they held as prisoners, notwithstanding Aguinaldo's grandiloquent refusal to do so. This proves that the insurgents are very conciliatory, in spite of their defiant talk. Admiral Dewey always believed that the insurgents were friendly, especially since the warships of our fleet have visited the different ports of the islands, and since some of our officers have made tours inland, carefully investigating popular sentiment and judiciously preaching the gospel of a peaceful settlement everywhere, with highly satisfactory results. A few influential Filipinos, in ambition for self-advancement, are clamoring for independence, though unable to realize its true meaning.

They are utterly ignorant of the difference between the name and reality. Agitators here invariably admit they would be unable to stand without American protection, but in spite of this, they continue their meaningless outcry for independence and may possibly create trouble. Admiral Dewey, however, believes this to be improbable at the present juncture, though every trifling incident counts. However, every day that passes without a conflict means so much gained, because friendly feeling is steadily increasing, the incipient roughness disappearing and agitators are weakening. The newspapers of Manila are doing particularly valuable work in disseminating publications of conciliatory articles printed in Spanish and in English. This course is looked upon as being certain to eliminate the friction which has existed here.

The admiral is greatly interested in the movement among the American volunteers to obtain their discharge here and engage in pioneer enterprises. He believes there is a practically unlimited field for planters, farmers and miners here, as to the suggestion that if the natives prove to be obstreperous, perhaps they might be handed over to Germany or other ungente land-grabbers, the admiral said he believed the Germans now have entirely abandoned their designs in the Philippine islands, though formerly, he said, the German attitude here had caused him indescribable anxiety. According to recent information received here, Filipinos insurgents are endeavoring to maintain a brave show for the purpose of securing the best terms possible from the Americans. It is the opinion of our admiral that it would be advisable for the United States to pay the insurgent troops their arrears of wages. The whole amount would be a comparatively trifling sum, and the payment of the troops would have a valuable effect, and may save incalculable trouble. Admiral Dewey was strongly convinced that the Filipino insurgents deserve acknowledgment. He is a believer in the practicability of liberal measures in the direction of local autonomy.

Regarding the possibility of international complications, Admiral Dewey said: "Prior to the arrival of the monitors I felt uneasy, but now I am ready to hold this position against the whole earth."

For Columbia Sailors.

On Friday evening a benefit performance will be given for the crew of the steamer City of Columbia at the Orpheum theater.

The misfortunes of the vessel have left the crew practically penniless and many thousands miles from home, and although there is some ten thousand dollars due them, still the unavoidable delay of the courts leaves them entirely without means until the vessel can be sold.

Christmas found them homesick and discouraged and the performance Friday is given in order that they may have something for New Year's.

The bill Friday night will excel anything ever attempted in the vaudeville line in Honolulu, for in addition to the regular Orpheum Company, Capt. Berg and members of the Hawaiian band have volunteered, as well as the best local talent.

Worth Bagley Garrison.

The first regular meeting of Esplanade Worth Bagley Garrison No. 163, Regular Army and Navy Union of the United States of America was held last Friday evening with a large and enthusiastic attendance. Col. De la

Vergne, of DeLong Post, G. A. R., was an honored guest of the new garrison. The following officers were elected and installed:

Commander—M. H. Sanders.
Senior Vice Commander—P. F. Ryan.
Junior Vice Commander—E. A. Strout.
Adjutant—J. E. Sheahan.
Paymaster—Chas. Lind.
Quartermaster—L. A. S. Gardner.
Chaplain—Archie Turner.
Officer of the Day—Thos. Dunn.
Officer of the Guard—John Lund.

The garrison was instituted and the officers installed by National Deputy Wm Mackay, escorted and assisted by Sr. Past Commander J. F. Pearson, and National Officer of the Day Geo. W. Gregory.

All indications point to a bright and flourishing career for the new garrison.

THE SAILOR DROWNED.

Swam for His Hat and Was Over-
come by Breakers.

Nakookoo, one of the crew of the steamer Iwalani, was drowned at Kilauea, Kauai, December 22nd. The boat which he was in upset and the sailors with much difficulty, Nakookoo being among them, swam to a sand spit, where they were secure. In the struggle through the breakers Nakookoo had lost his hat and insisted on again making out to sea for it. He plunged into the surf, which was boiling around the spit, and never came to the surface. It is supposed he was covered with the sand with which the water was thick at the time and could not make headway. Search was made for the body but of no avail.

Nakookoo has been a sailor for the WHder's Company for the past seven years, only leaving them a few weeks ago to sign with the Inter-Island Company's steamer Iwalani. He was many years with the Kinau and considered one of the most skillful of the men in swimming through the breakers. The water around the Hawaii coast was deep, however, and he had no treacherous sands to encounter, which probably in the end cost him his life.

Nakookoo had several sailor brothers, his family lives in Manoa valley.

Steamer for Pago Pago.

CHICAGO, Dec. 16.—A special to the Chronicle from Washington says: The Navy department will very shortly send a steamer to Pago Pago with material for the construction of a pier and other improvements for the American coaling station there. Had the war not intervened the government would now have the Mohican at Pago Pago representing the United States at that station.

At the first opportunity a warship will be sent to Pago Pago. Another will be sent to Delagoa bay. The present policy is to have a vessel at every station where there are international negotiations in property which may be used as naval stations.

U. S. S. MASSACHUSETTS.

Keel Buckled and Framework Badly Twisted.

NEW YORK, Dec. 14.—The Herald says: Naval officers believe the battleship Massachusetts must go out of commission and that practically a new keel and several new frames must be supplied to her before she will be fit for sea. This apprehension has been caused by an incomplete examination made by naval constructors and divers, which showed that the keel is buckled for two hundred and forty feet, and the frames are twisted in about seven different places in that distance. These injuries are the result of the accident last Saturday, when the vessel struck a mass of rock near Diamond reef and drove over it. Naval officers are now astonished at the fact that the big ship did not sink.

DEMOCRATIC PLANS.

NEW YORK, Dec. 12.—The Washington correspondent of the Journal has made a poll of the Democratic senators and representatives in Congress as to who is to be the Democratic leader and what will be the policy in 1900.

One hundred and eight representatives were interviewed, 99 of whom were in favor of Bryan and the currency question. Of the senators spoken to, 23 were for the old leader and old issues until new ones develop.

EX-GOVERNOR RICE.

BOSTON, Dec. 15.—Henry A. Rice, ex-Governor of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, and formerly a member of the firm of Denny, Rice & Co., commission merchants of this city, died at his home here today, aged 82 years.

COL. JOHN McKENNA.

BOSTON, Dec. 16.—Col. John McKenna, who 20 years ago was one of the best known Irish nationalists in the United States, died at his home in this city today, aged 56 years.

ASHES OF CAESAR.

ROME, Dec. 16.—Ashes supposed to be those of Julius Caesar were unearthed at the base of a column in the Roman Forum today. The column marked the spot where Caesar's body was cremated.

FOR MORE WHARF

Chamber of Commerce Case to Cabinet.

A SECOND DREDGER WANTED

Lengthening of Three Wharves Ad-
vocated—Government Control.
To Relieve Pressure.

(From Saturday's Advertiser.)

There was a good attendance for the Chamber of Commerce meeting held yesterday to hear the report of the committee appointed to draft a series of harbor improvement recommendations for the consideration of the Government. The document was produced at once and was a paper in regular business style. In its entirety it cannot be published till it has reached Capt. King, Minister of the Interior. These are the points:

That Nuuanu wharf be extended 200 feet into the harbor.

That Sorenson wharf be extended 100 feet into the harbor.

That Kinau wharf be extended 30 feet.

That dredging for a new ship near Pacific Mail dock be continued.

That a second dredger be installed by the Government at once.

That the Government control all wharves.

That the Government bring to a determination so soon as practicable all legal actions against private parties in which water front land is involved.

That the Government build wharves at Lihou point.

There was not a great deal of discussion on the report. All recognized that it had been prepared most carefully and that its provisions were calculated to relieve the pressure upon the harbor in the best way that can be devised at present. The report was adopted unanimously. It will be sent to the Government today. There was some expectation that attention would be called to the private wharves of Allen & Robinson, but it was deemed wise to omit any suggestion on individual holdings if such suggestion would be in the line of causing litigation. The plan that has been adopted is very like one that was recommended by Capt. King, the minister of the Interior, some months ago. For that reason it is believed all the recommendations will meet with the approval of the Cabinet. There has been talk for some time that a second dredger was required. The one in use at present is often called from harbor enlargement work to deepen anchorage that fills from the Nuuanu stream and from sand drifting. It is realized that there must be another dredger here in time anyhow to make the Pearl Harbor channel available.

Said one of the shipping men after the meeting yesterday: "If the Government will do at once what is recommended, we can get along fairly well during the approaching sugar season. To lengthen the wharves referred to should be the work of but a few weeks. This will greatly relieve the pressure. As it is now the harbor is simply jammed like a railroad yard in a wheat country during the busy season. Unless operations are inaugurated without delay and pushed to a finishing point, there will be great delay and enormous loss to all the plantations and the whole shipping interest. We have purposely avoided recommendations that would in any way make matters complex. The course pointed out is a simple and easy one and we have a firm belief that it will be followed. The Government has the men and the money and it cannot be impossible to the needs of the shipping and sugar interests, which form the backbone of the country."

A PRIVATE PALACE

Andrew Carnegie Will Have a \$1,000,000 House.

NEW YORK, December 2.—Andrew Carnegie is going to erect a \$1,000,000 residence on Fifth avenue, between Ninetieth and Ninety-second streets. I was his original intention to build farther down the avenue, but he changed his plans at the suggestion of C. A. Gould. He bought two blocks fronting on the avenue for \$900,000, but he will build on the northerly one and sell the southerly one. The residence plot purchased by Carnegie is in the form of an "L," being 200 feet on the avenue, 100 feet on Ninety-second street and 22 feet on Ninety-first street. The front of the \$1,000,000 palace will extend on Ninety-first street, while the main building will sit in the center of the Fifth avenue front, with spacious grounds to the north and west.

Carnegie's private secretary spent several months abroad studying suggestions to the architect commission to prepare the plans for the projected palace. The original plans will be altered somewhat to conform to the change in the general plan of the site. There will be large bathroom, art gallery, music room, library and conservatory. Carnegie has instructed his attorney to draw a deed to this plot in the name of his wife.

REBS ARE CRUEL

The Manila correspondent of the Hongkong Press gives details of the shocking treatment of rebels and other prisoners captured by insurgents in the northern part of the island of Luzon. Gen. Leyba, who was sent by Aguinaldo to attack the cities in the extreme north of Luzon, sent a report to his chief that he had brought the entire section under complete control under the control of the Filipinos. Leyba also mentions in his report the capture of 124 rebels and says brothers many Spanish soldiers with their arms and property, and silver and gold valued at \$500,000.

The Press correspondent states that from Spanish sources have come reports of terrible atrocities committed by the rebels. The inhabitants of the towns of Cebu and Manila, and other places, in the absence of Spanish troops, relied upon the promises of the insurgent chiefs that the lives and property of persons of all classes would be respected. When the conquerors marched in they were received with music and the pealing of bells. The invaders proved perfidious. They looted the churches and robbed Spanish civil and military authorities.

The Bishop was subjected to the grossest indignities. He was slapped in the face, beaten, subjected to shame-

less insults, and despoiled of his clerical robes. The friars were beaten with sticks, kicked and hung up in the torrid sun for several hours. The natives were forbidden to render the friars any assistance. During their greatest sufferings, while hanging hungry and naked in the broiling sun, Chinese and natives furtively supplied them with food and water.

One aged friar was placed upon a horse's saddle and jumped upon until blood poured from his mouth and nose. Another, it is said, was clothed only in a rain coat, carried in triumph for 200 yards, then cudgeled to death amid savage cries. Nuns in the convent were subjected to shameless treatment.

DREYFUS CASE.

LONDON, Dec. 10.—The latest developments in the Dreyfus affair all tend in favor of Dreyfus and public opinion in France is undoubtedly veering to his side. The decision of the Court of Cassation, which postponed the Picquart court-martial indefinitely is a damaging blow to the military party, and the attempt to discredit his evidence has failed.

WORDS OF HALE

Makes a Statement on the Treaty Provisions.

Against Annexation of Philippines.
Trade Income Would Not Cover the Expenses

NEW YORK, Dec. 2.—The World's Washington special says: Senator Hale of Maine, one of the most pronounced Republican anti-expansionists in Congress, who is expected to lead the fight against the treaty, tonight dictated this statement for the World:

"The negotiation of the treaty, unfortunate as it is, by no means insures the actual annexation of the Philippine Islands. It is uncertain when the treaty will be signed or when it will be submitted to the Senate, and still more uncertain whether or not it will ever be ratified. The entire trade of the islands, if we had it all—not the profit derived from it, but the whole amount of trade—will not in any year pay the expense of the army and navy that the United States will be obliged to maintain there.

"The people will see at once sprung upon Congress the proposition for a standing army of 100,000 men, costing yearly more than \$100,000,000, and a naval increase of from \$15,000,000 to \$30,000,000 a year in addition, all of which must come by levy of taxation. Not only will no war tax be repealed, but the present tax must be increased. "The people of the Pacific coast will find out that if we admit eight or ten millions of Malays, Tagals and Negritos to become a part of our population and to have some or all of the privileges of citizenship, we must necessarily give to the Chinese who are already in the country the same privileges."

MORE OPIUM.

Another Fight and Capture at Oceanic Wharf.

Another opium smuggler was captured early last evening by the customs officers at Oceanic wharf.

R. Kanah, the strongest watchman on the force, was at the gate when a big fellow belonging to the quartermaster's department on the Australia started to pass out. The officer stopped the sailor and began searching him, when the suspect broke to run.

Kanah grabbed the man by the coat and dragged him back. The sailor struck the officer a hard blow and then they locked in a wrestle. The other guards who were in the office at the time the fight began, hearing the row, rushed out and soon had the man subdued. Four tins of opium were found on him, two up each coat sleeve. The smuggler was brought up town and lodged in the station house.

Eczema, scald head, hives, itchiness of the skin of any sort, instantly and permanently cured. Doan's Ointment. At any chemist's 50 cents.

LEITER'S LATEST PROJECT

Ex-Wheat Speculator Interested in Compressed Air Motors

NEW YORK, December 10.—Joseph Leiter of Chicago who has been spending some time in this city investigating the practicability of compressed air as a motive power, today bought from the International Air Power Company the Hoadley-Knight patent rights for foreign countries. Leiter said tonight that he intends going to London in January to form a company to finance his new scheme. He has a preliminary understanding with the owners of several of the largest bus companies in London and other moneyed men in that city who have of late paid attention to the development of compressed air. Leiter intends to introduce compressed air motors into the buses and trucks of London, Paris, Berlin and other continental cities wherever practicable.

Pains in the chest when a person has a cold indicate a tendency toward pneumonia. A piece of Chamberlain's Pain Balm and bound on to the chest over the seat of pain will promptly relieve the pain and prevent the threatened attack of pneumonia. This same treatment will cure a lame back in a few hours. Sold by all druggists and dealers. Benson Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for H. I.

DR. ASHLEY HOME

First N. Y.'s Assistant Surgeon on Honolulu.

WAS AT DOOR OF DEATH

Tells of Illness and Treatment Here. Hospitality of Citizens of the Place—Homesickness.

(Middletown, N. Y. Times, Nov. 28.)

Dr. M. C. Ashley, assistant surgeon of the First New York Volunteers, returned home Saturday night from Honolulu.

Surgeon Ashley, who has been ill since September 15 with typhoid fever, showed the effects of his illness and was much fatigued by the long journey. Dr. Ashley said that he at one time never expected to return to Middletown. He was taken ill September 15, but did not give up until October 1, when he was removed to the residence of Maj. Morse, the Division Surgeon. He remained there until October 5, when he was placed in the military hospital and later in the Queen's hospital, where he remained until he was convalescing, when he was taken to the home of Mrs. E. K. Wilder, at her request, and where he received every attention.

Dr. Ashley stated that when he left Honolulu there was a great deal of sickness, principally old cases, as new cases were decreasing. The Government had leased a residence on the side of the mountain as a hospital and the change had been very beneficial to the sick.

Dr. Ashley is very loud in his praise of the hospitality of the white citizens of Honolulu. They have given dinners to 25,000 American troops who have stopped at the island on their way to Manila, and there is scarcely a house of a white resident in which there is not one or more convalescent soldiers being cared for.

During Dr. Ashley's illness he lost 39 pounds, but is now regaining his weight very rapidly.

One of the physicians who attended Dr. Ashley during his illness was Dr. Chas. B. Cooper, a former Orange county boy, who is now located there and has a fine practice.

Honolulu, he continued, is a delightful spot, and when one becomes acclimated there is no danger of sickness, in fact, the most of the sickness among the men was due to their own indiscretion, in eating fruits, etc. It is a most desirable place to live.

The one great trouble is that it is shut off from communication with the outside world, news from the States being received only once in ten days or two weeks. This was a change which the members of the regiment, who having lived where they were in touch with all that transpired in different parts of the world, and were in the habit of reading their newspapers twice a day, could not accustom themselves to and they became disgusted with their lot.

Chronic Rheumatism.

From the Industrial News, Jackson, Mich.

The subject of this sketch is fifty-six years of age, and actively engaged in farming. When seventeen years old he hurt his shoulder and a few years after, commenced to have rheumatic pains in it. On taking a slight cold or the least strain, sometimes without any apparent cause whatever, the trouble would start and he would suffer the most excruciating pains.

He suffered for over thirty years, and the last decade has suffered so much that he was unable to do any work. To this the frequent occurrences of dizzy spells were added, making him almost a helpless invalid.



In all Sorts of Weather

He tried the best physicians but without being benefited and has used several specific rheumatic cures, but was not helped. About one year and six months ago he read in this paper of a case somewhat similar to his which was cured by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and concluded to try this remedy.

After taking the first box he felt somewhat better, and after using three boxes the pains entirely disappeared, the dizziness left him, and he has now for over a year been entirely free from all his former trouble and enjoys better health than he has had since his boyhood.

He is loud in his praises of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People and will gladly corroborate the above statements. His postoffice address is Lorenzo Nerley, Horton, Jackson County, Michigan.

All the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves are contained in a condensed form in Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. All druggists sell them.

The Government schools are all now closed till two weeks from Monday next.

JUST RECEIVED
Per Bark ALBERT
STRONG
Young : Mules.
EXTRA LARGE.
Just what is required for Plantation Work.
SCHUMAN'S CARRIAGE AND HARNESS REPOSITORY.
ISLAND ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED. FORT STREET, ABOVE CLUB STABLES

WANTED! Everybody to call and examine our new and superb line of
GENTS' SLIPPERS.
STYLISH AND UP TO DATE!
JUST THE THING FOR CHRISTMAS!
Tan Seal Skin, Toilet, Black and Russet Romeos, Russet Kid, Toilet, Black Seal Skin, Toilet, Box Calf, Toilet, Glazed Kid, Toilet, Russet Calf, Toilet.
EASE, COMFORT AND DURABILITY, ALL COMBINED IN ONE.
The Manufacturers' Shoe Co.,
Sign of the Big Shoe.
FORT STREET.

CASTLE & COOKE Ltd.
IMPORTERS
HARDWARE & COMMISSION MERCHANTS

BICYCLES
FOR
THE : HOLIDAYS
At Specially Low Prices to Reduce Stock.
Eldridge, Victor, Elfine, JUVENILE AND JUVENILE TANDEM. Crawford
... AND ...
Crawford Chainless.

CASTLE & COOKE Ltd.
IMPORTERS
HARDWARE & COMMISSION MERCHANTS
G. N. WILCOX, President. J. F. HACKFELD, Vice President.
E. COHR, Secretary and Treasurer. T. MAY, Auditor.

Pacific Guano and Fertilizer Co.
— POST OFFICE BOX 484—MUTUAL TELEPHONE 467—
We Are Prepared to Fill All Orders for
Artificial Fertilizers.
ALSO, CONSTANTLY ON HAND—
PACIFIC GUANO, POTASH, SULPHATE OF AMMONIA,
NITRATE OF SODA, CALCINED FERTILIZER,
SALTS, ETC., ETC.
Special attention given to analysis of soils by our agricultural chemist.
All goods are GUARANTEED in every respect.
For further particulars apply to
DR. W. AYERDAM, Manager Pacific Guano and Fertilizer Company.

DETROIT JEWEL STOVES
WE are celebrating the successful introduction of "JEWEL" Stoves and Ranges by giving purchasers out of Honolulu a special benefit of a Freight Rebate of 10 per cent. off the regular price of all our stoves. In addition to which you get the usual 5 per cent. cash discount.
Our complete stock of 150 stoves, ranging in price from \$11 to \$72—with another 150 now on the way, comprises the following:

- MERIT JEWEL RANGE.
1 size, 4 styles, with Water Coil.
- EMPIRE JEWEL RANGE.
1 size, 3 styles, with Water Coil; 1 size, 1 style, with or without Water Coil.
- CITY JEWEL RANGE.
2 sizes, 3 styles with or without Water Coil, and with or without Hot Water Reservoir.
- WELCOME JEWEL STOVE.
2 sizes, with or without Reservoir.
- MODERN JEWEL STOVE.
3 sizes, with or without Reservoir.
- MESQUITE JEWEL STOVE.
2 sizes: No. 7 and No. 8.

W. W. DIMOND & CO.
HONOLULU.

CLARKE'S
WORLD-FAMED
Blood Mixture
THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER & RESTORER.
For cleansing and clearing the blood from all impurities, it cannot be too highly recommended.
For Scrofula, Scoury, Eczema, Pimples, Skin and Blood Diseases, and Sores of all kinds, its effects are marvellous.
It Cures Old Sores, Cures Ulcerated Sores on the Neck, Cures Ulcerated Sores on the Legs, Cures Blackheads or Pimples on the Face, Cures Scoury sores, Cures Cancerous Ulcers, Cures Blood and Skin Diseases, Cures Glandular Swellings, Clears the blood from all impure Matter from whatever source arising.
As this mixture is pleasant to the taste, and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the Proprietors solicit sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.
THOUSANDS OF TESTIMONIALS
From All Parts of the World.
Sold in Bottles 2s. 6d., and in cases containing six times the quantity, 11s. each—sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the great majority of long-standing cases. BY ALL CHEMISTS and PATENT MEDICINE VENDORS THROUGHOUT THE WORLD. Proprietors, THE LINCOLN AND MIDLAND COUNTIES DYE COMPANY, Lincoln, England.
Caution.—Ask for Clarke's Blood Mixture, and beware of worthless imitations or substitutes.

Metropolitan Meat Company
NO. 507 KING ST.,
HONOLULU, H. I.
Shipping and Family Butchers.
NAVY CONTRACTORS.
G. J. WALLER, Manager.
Highest Market Rates paid for Hides, Skins and Tallow.
Purveyors to Oceanside and Pacific Mail Steamship Companies.
Read the Hawaiian Gazette (Semi-Weekly).

Hawaiian Gazette.

SEMI-WEEKLY.

ISSUED TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS

W. N. ARMSTRONG, EDITOR.

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 23, 1898

ABSTRACT OF THE HISTORY OF EVENTS RELATING TO THE NEUTRALITY OF HAWAII. (SEE HISTORICAL ACCOUNT ON PAGE 1 FOR LETTERS).

April 14, 1898.—Eleven days before Congress declares war, and twenty-three days before news of its declaration is received in Hawaii, President Dole writes to Minister Hatch in Washington saying that he "would be pleased to receive suggestions from the Washington Government in regard to our attitude toward the United States and Spain in case of war."

April 20.—Seven days before news of actual war, President Dole writes to Mr. Hatch saying he would be glad to aid the United States in any way.

May 6.—One day before news of war is received, and twenty-two days after President Dole has asked for suggestions from the Washington Government, interviews with prominent annexationists and others published in an annexation journal of this city, in which interviews not one of them suggests or advocates abandonment of neutrality.

May 7.—Steamer Rio de Janeiro brings news that Congress declared war on April 25.

May 10.—President Dole and Cabinet, without waiting for a reply to letter of April 14th asking suggestions from the Washington Government, send a dispatch to Washington offering unreserved alliance.

Period of three days only from the time of the receipt of the news, unofficially of the declaration of war, until the next outgoing steamer of May 10th takes this dispatch.

Comments on President Dole's conduct by Mr. Sewall's organ.

"Dole was forced to take action."—Bulletin, December 9.

"The Executive of Hawaii did waver and shift and cringe."—Bulletin, December 10.

"The most dishonorable chapter in the history of the idealized Executive."—Bulletin, December 8.

The platform of the Republican party declared that no foreign power should control Hawaii—"the fulfillment of which the Dole party sought to prevent by a declaration of neutrality."—Bulletin, December 13.

"The facts of political history here will lead its candidate (Dole) to eternal political damnation before the American people."—Bulletin, December 13.

"The whipped-into line action of Hawaii's executive in the neutrality matter."—Bulletin, December 12.

"It is a well-known fact that it was the men in the ranks who demanded that the Executive of Hawaii should not waver in its friendship to the United States whatever happened."—Bulletin (Read interviews annexed to historical account).

On December 12th the Bulletin, the organ of Mr. Harold M. Sewall, candidate for governor of this territory said:

"The official organ knows too much about the neutrality record of cowardice and treason and hence doesn't care or dare to go into details."

The Advertiser has chosen its own time for going into details. Before doing so it preferred to induce Mr. Sewall and his organ to put themselves fairly, fully and broadly "in black and white" as the responsible authors of a charge of cowardice and treason against President Dole. Its plan has admirably succeeded.

The Advertiser has regarded Mr. Sewall's campaign founded on President Dole's cowardice and treason as a rich comedy.

President Dole had asked President McKinley on April 14th for suggestions regarding neutrality. Before President McKinley had time to consider the matter and make any suggestions, and with three days from the time news was received of the declaration of war, President Dole's Government, without submitting the matter to the Hawaiian Senate, as it should have done, put Hawaii at President McKinley's disposal.

To call the cowardice and treason merely comedy is the material for comedy.

So far as the Advertiser is concerned in this matter, whether Mr. Dole is or is not a candidate is not of the slightest consequence.

The Advertiser is owned and edited by Hawaiians who are as loyal citizens of the United States. It has some local pride. It resents and will resent this attempt of 'yellow' cam-

paign journalism to advance the interests of a candidate for office, by accusing of "treason and cowardice" a man who, as a citizen, has since the days of his youth, been regarded by the community as honest, intelligent, faithful in all trusts, and incapable of mean actions. Every person born on these islands, or with a particle of native blood in his veins has abundant reason to resent the charges made by Mr. Sewall's organ.

IMMIGRATION LAWS.

Section 1. Chapter 164 of the Act passed by Congress in 1886, regarding the importation of alien contract laborers is as follows:

"It shall be unlawful for any person, company, partnership, or corporation, in any manner whatsoever, to prepare the transportation or in any way assist or encourage the importation or immigration of any alien or aliens, any foreigner or foreigners, into the United States, its Territories, or the District of Columbia, under contract or agreement to perform labor or service of any kind."

"Section 2. That all contracts or agreements, expressed or implied, parole or special, which may hereafter be made by and between any person, company, partnership, or corporation, and any foreigner or foreigners, alien or aliens, to perform labor or service or having reference to the performance of labor or service, by any person in the United States, its Territories, or the District of Columbia, previous to the migration or importation of the person or persons, whose labor or service is contracted for, into the United States, shall be utterly void and of no effect."

The provisions of the act are clear and leave no loop hole for judicial construction. The Commissioners of Immigration are empowered to decide the condition of the immigrant, and the only appeal is to the Secretary of the Treasury. This is an expensive proceeding, and the poor emigrant is not able to make it.

On November 21st, a female immigrant from Strasburg, Germany, was refused admittance, in the port of New York, by the Immigrant Commissioner, on the ground that she was likely to become a public charge. She was brought before Judge Lacombe, one of the ablest of the Circuit Judges of the Federal courts. The Judge said that he could not overrule the decision of the Commissioner. The following is a brief account of the proceeding:

Mr. Gottlieb, who appeared for the woman, said that she had relatives in this city who would see that she did not become a public charge, and he declared that the woman ought to be set free. Judge Lacombe said that the Immigration Commissioners had decided that she should be deported, and that he could do nothing in the case. "If the Commissioners," he said, "wish to order an alien drawn, quartered, and chucked overboard they could do so without interference."

"But she has money," protested Mr. Gottlieb.

"That makes no difference," said Judge Lacombe, "not even if she had \$100,000. If Baron Rothschild came over here in the steerage as an immigrant and the Commissioners decided that it was likely that he would become a public charge they could deport him. The courts have decided that over and over again. The only thing for you to do is to apply to the Secretary of the Treasury."

Mr. Gottlieb said he would do so. The young woman is said to have an uncle in this city, Ignatz Bobb of 1105 Lexington Avenue. She paid her own way to this country, and says her father is Superintendent of the largest hospital in Strasburg.

Judge Lacombe is conservative and his remarks from the Bench show that he regarded the law as unjust in several ways.

These laws will be soon in operation here. Under them a Commissioner of Immigration may reject any imported laborers from Japan or elsewhere if in his opinion they are within the statute and the courts cannot reverse his decision. The bearing of these laws on our plans to supply our plantations with laborers should be carefully considered.

SPREAD THE TRUTH

Inasmuch as Mr. Sewall's organ has made the issue of the campaign, so far as Mr. Sewall is concerned, the cowardice and treason of President Dole in the neutrality affair the Advertiser presents a historical account of the matter which the personal friends of President Dole should take heed of. It is a place in the hands of prominent men in Washington who take an interest in our local affairs. It is a publication of Mr. Dole's organ, as a citizen of Hawaii.

The attempt of the Advertiser to present a historical account of the matter is a most pitiful thing. It is a mere attempt to present a historical account of the matter. It is a mere attempt to present a historical account of the matter. It is a mere attempt to present a historical account of the matter.

The Advertiser is owned and edited by Hawaiians who are as loyal citizens of the United States. It has some local pride. It resents and will resent this attempt of 'yellow' cam-

IS HE PESIDENT?

Mr. Sewall's Organ has been vigorously applying the rod to the backs of those who did not vigorously urge abandonment of neutrality in May last. This rod takes the shape of a cat-o'-nine tails, the thongs of which are headed with "cowardice" and "treason." As brother Dillingham appears to be one of those who did not urge the abandonment of neutrality, if the Organ's interview with him, published on May 6th is correct, he, also, must submit to the Organ's lash. Is he suffering with Christian fortitude? Brother Dillingham, in all matters not connected with the affairs of the Oahu Railway Company, is justly regarded as a devout and spiritually minded man. Does he manifest humility and contrition under the lash of this cat-o'-nine tails? Does he confess that it is done for his own good? When the leaden slugs of "cowardice" and "treason" and "waving" are buried in his back, does he feel that the infliction is deserved, and does he suffer with resignation and repentance?

The old Westminster Catechism, describing the just punishment of Job, for his sins, declares:

"Job kissed the rod,
And blessed God."

Does Brother Dillingham "kiss the rod" of the Only Candidate?

Under ordinary circumstances he is disposed to be independent and aggressive. What is his attitude now? Does he stand with his hands folded, and his eyes uplifted in prayer and resignation and murmur, "It is a just punishment?" Perhaps he will tear up one of the "blessed ties that bind" the track of his railroad, and in a stubborn and rebellious spirit strike back.

NEW FRENCH FIELD GUN.

The inwardness of the Dreyfus affair has not been made public. The diplomats know it, but the press does not seem to have become aware of it.

The French army is now being equipped with a rapid firing field gun, which is said to be the most destructive weapon in existence for land battles. A French officer recently wrote to a friend in England that "we fired twenty-two shells a minute per gun. The target consisted of 200 wooden soldiers at a distance of two and one-half miles. These were all down in one minute and three-quarters."

The strictest secrecy is kept regarding the mechanism of the gun. Only picked and faithful officers are permitted to know anything about it. "It needs repairing it is sent to one central factory, where reliable men take it to pieces."

The German army officials are aware of the capacity of this gun, and have been and are, willing to spend enormous sums of money for information regarding it. So far the German spies, and the prodigal use of money, have brought no definite information to them about it. It is the attempt of the Germans to buy the secret of the construction of this gun that is, largely, the cause of the Dreyfus scandal. The concealment of evidence in the trial of Dreyfus was done, in order to prevent astounding revelations, involving German efforts to secure the secret. No doubt the German spies have reported to the army headquarters the destructive power of this weapon and no effort or money will be spared by the German military authorities to obtain one of them or sufficient knowledge to construct one like it.

AN OLD SUBJECT.

Dr. C. M. Hyde recently discussed in the columns of this paper the temperance question. In one sense it is stale in another and the best sense it is one of the most important that is before men. For neither national prosperity nor expansion will compensate for the infinite evils and suffering that arise from intemperance.

But the temperance and the prohibition men will be gradually driven to consider the subject from an entirely new standpoint.

It is quite enough to put these persons on the inquiry after new methods of referring to the recent wall of Maine. Prohibitionists who have solemnly declared that after keeping up a local war of prohibition around the State of Maine for fifty years the plan has surely failed although they have no doubt done some good.

The case of Maine should close. The cause of intemperance cannot be pushed out of existence. The literature on the subject is stale. The masses of men do not read it. A crank asked the editor of the N. Y. Times to publish a commandment every day to the head of his editorial columns. He replied, but I will always publish the account of any plan that effectively removes the suffering and pain of mankind.

The temperance question is still in the clouds. It has not been brought down to the earth and will not be until it is tackled as a social and pathologi-

cal problem. Intemperance is largely the result of social conditions. The children in Germany and France drink beer and wine, and they are not drunkards. Wherever one finds unnatural, strained, unjust social conditions, there is found intemperance also.

Goldwin Smith gets close to the heart of the subject when he says "a cold home, the friend of the saloon." Men who live in warm houses, with abundance of room, and with comforts at hand, do not understand the compelling force to drink, in a cold home, with a single room packed with crying children and a worn out wife. Instead of theorizing on the subject the earnest, honest and devoted advocates of temperance or total abstinence should get at the facts. The majority of young men, earning little at first, are forced to accept uninviting rooms, or "cold homes." When they step out of them in search of comfortable places the saloon, with a shrewd knowledge of the human instincts invites them to a comfortable place. Here, in these later days, the Y. M. C. A. which in its ways, is the best applied Christianity, steps forward, and beckons them from the saloon and many there be that follow its kindly light.

Foolish and extravagant women drive men to the saloon. Men struggling against adverse circumstances, the creation of unnatural social conditions, go to drink. The clubs of the great cities are filled every day with professional and business men whose brains are overtaxed, and find temporary relief in the stimulating effects of alcohol. And besides these, is the vast army of workmen who have no hope and find relief from the monotony of toil in drink.

When the younger Vanderbilt erected a great building for the comfort and use of the railway train men, he did more for the cause of temperance, than if he had distributed many millions of tracts on total abstinence. So the railway officials say. He altered the social conditions of the men, and gave them hope and decent surroundings.

When reformation is discussed on these lines, instead of merely denouncing the evil, the world will see the real methods of meeting it, and will act on it.

A reader of Harper's Weekly who believes in high license, and has been to Maine and seen how prohibition works there, suggests new definitions for Maine's next speller and definer. License—the privilege of selling liquor, obtained by the payment of money. Prohibition—the right to sell liquor without any payment.

GORDON MEMORIAL COLLEGE.

The contributions to the foundation of the Gordon Memorial College at Khartoum amount already to over \$300,000. The Saturday Review says "All war is terrible, Soudan war is a horror beyond words."

But humanity sweeps onward. Before the bodies of the slaughtered Arabs are buried, a grand institution for the education of the children of the upper Nile and the land beyond it, has been provided for. The Anglo-Saxon race destroys, but builds on the ruins.

Even the French, claiming rights in Egypt, under the terms of the 'capitulations' between Great Britain and France are providing the means for establishing educational institutions at Khartoum and Fashoda.

The war power is now the missionary to the 'heathen.'

THE PASSING HOUR.

How some people would like a telephone wire to Washington just now.

It would be fun to hear the Senators and Representatives at Washington pronouncing Hawaii.

With Christmas on Sunday and the legal holiday on Monday the carvers had two field days.

Col. Bryan does not relinquish his commission as the man at the center of the political know.

It will not do to break the custom of more than half a century. This paper tends to its readers holiday greetings.

Being a lot of flowers gathered out of doors are everywhere in Hawaii during the Christmas season. That is the kind of climate that is part of the United States.

The Governor General of the U. S. A. is a bold man to throw down the gauntlet to the temperance societies by saying that prohibition is a failure.

So far Hawaii is getting quicker attention at Washington than any Territory ever before established by the United States.

The Chinese immigrants in the Philippines have a new consolation. They are not supposed to understand in any way the ramifications of the many extended arguments.

In undertaking to establish garri- sons from Manila to Cuba it is found out that an army of even 100,000 spreads out until it is quite thin.

It is believed that the Chamber of Commerce and the Government are able to undertake a plan for a Greater Harbor for Honolulu. Assurance of improvement is a good Christmas present for the shipping interest.

The sailors who shipped on the steamer City of Columbia last August

We Know
By Experience

Wise men use the experience of others and make it their own.

Those who have taken Hood's Sarsaparilla are the ones who are competent to speak of its merits.

The testimonials of cures by Hood's constitute a vast mass of testimony which proves the power of this medicine to cure a great variety of diseases.

These cures often seem marvelous, yet they are perfectly natural and are easily explained. They are the necessary result of purifying and enriching the blood.

"I have been troubled with scrofula all my life, and it effected my eyes so that I was obliged to remain in a dark room. I began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla. Now my eyes are so strong that the light never troubles me, and my health is good."

Mrs. CARRIE WRECK, Lompoc, Cal.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Is the One True Blood Purifier. Price \$1.

Hood's Pills easy to take, easy to buy, easy to operate. 25c.

and who have not been able to draw a cent of wages, certainly have an Al hard luck story rating.

The United States authorities are going after the Indian kahunas in Alaska. The native doctors in Alaska when they find a patient whose case fails to respond to treatment declare the sick individual bewitched and relatives must destroy the sick one as a sorcerer.

Admiral Dewey disclaims any intimation that he is a politician. But he has a rare faculty of measuring situations, an accomplishment that is invaluable to a statesman.

Cable Richmonds in the Pacific field are evidently pulling wires. The corporations appear to be as much of a factor in this matter as in the Nicaragua canal enterprise.

If there was a child in Honolulu that failed to get a taste of "Merry Christmas" the misfortune of the little one cannot be blamed on the Sunday school or Kindergarten organizations.

Aguinaldo's agents at Paris found that they could not slip under the tent, so stood outside and yelled at the show. The "solemn protest" was overworked by Spain and should be retired.

Gen. Merritt is probably being abused by the Filipinos and their hangerson just as the progressive element here has been traduced by the hangerson of monarchy here. Gen. Merritt said of the natives of the Philippines that he found them little better than children in everything.

TO SAVE WRECKERS.

NEW YORK, Dec. 14.—A dispatch to the Tribune from Washington says: The navy department has not abandoned the hope of rescuing the Maine from Havana harbor and bringing the wreck back to this country for rehabilitation, nor does it seem likely, from the interest taken by responsible wrecking experts that the Cristobal Colon will be permitted to pound to pieces on the shore west of Santiago. The board of construction has under consideration a formal proposition for the salvage of both these vessels and their delivery at New York or such other port in the United States as the Government might select, but no company will be allowed to begin operations on the vessel until a comparison can be made between the offers from several trustworthy concerns.

SPANISH RIFLES.

The Ordnance Department of the Army is preparing to call for bids on the Mauser rifles captured at Santiago, which have been pronounced unfit for use in the Army. It is the intention of the department to sell these rifles either in small numbers or in large. No difficulty is looked for in disposing of them, as many communications have been received already from private parties relative to this matter. Curio dealers will undoubtedly buy the greater part of the guns and resell them at a profit.

MR. CANNON LIBERAL.

The Chairman of the House Committee on Appropriations Joseph G. Cannon is reported as saying "The Volunteers who enlisted for war can hardly be asked to stay in the service for mere garrison or police duty in the various islands. There must then be an enlargement of the Regular Army. I imagine that at least 50,000 men will be required for Cuba alone. A few thousand will also be necessary in Puerto Rico. I believe no sensible man thinks we shall give up the Philippines and several thousand men will have to be kept there for a long time to maintain order and firmly establish the new system of government fixed upon by the United States. I do not see how we shall be able to get along with less than 100,000 men for some time to come. It goes without the saying that the Navy will grow commensurately with the Army and for like reasons."

INTERIOR OF LUZON.

PAUL W. B. WILCOX and Naval Cadet L. R. Sargent U. S. N. who are attached to the monitor Monadnock, have returned to Manila after an interesting six weeks tour in the interior of the island of Luzon. They crossed the provinces of Pangasinan and Nueva Ecija and traveled over the mountains. The scenery is described as magnificent and the roads execrable. The officers visited the watershed of the Rio Grande and Carayan. They say the fertility is marvelous. The towns are quiet and prosperous. The plains were highly cultivated and the mountains were splendidly timbered. The rivers were mostly without bridges and are almost impassable during the rainy season.

A REBEL PROTEST

Bold Stand Taken by Aguinardo's Man at Paris.

Refers to Ante-Bellum Dealings. Says There Were "Understandings"—Promises.

PARIS, Dec. 16.—The entire American peace commission leaves here for the United States via Havre and Southampton tonight and will sail for New York tomorrow on board the American line steamer St. Louis.

Agonillo, the representative of Aguinaldo, the Filipino leader, lodged a strongly worded protest with the commission, which thus becomes part of the records. It begins with saying that "The very noble and gallant general Aguinardo, president of the Philippine republic, had honored him with the post of official representative to the very honorable president of the United States." Agonillo then reviews the case at length, saying at the time of "improving the armed co-operation of Aguinaldo and other Philippine chiefs, both the commander of the Petrel, Capt. Wood, in Hongkong, before the declaration of war, and American Consul-General Pratt, in Singapore, Wildman at Hongkong and Williams at Cavite, acting as the international agents of the great American nation at a moment of great anxiety, offered to recognize the independence of the Filipino nation as soon as its triumph was attained.

The protest recites how Admiral Dewey, by numerous acts, is alleged to have recognized the autonomist sovereignty of the Filipinos, and in picturesque language calls for the fulfillment of these promises and a fulfillment of the solemn declaration made by the illustrious Wm. McKinley, that on going to war he was not guided by intention of extension of territory, but only by the principles of humanity, by the duty of liberating tyrannized people, and by the desire to proclaim the inalienable rights, with their sovereignty, of the countries released from the yoke of Spain.

MADRID, Dec. 16.—A semi-official note issued today says:—"As the American senate must ratify the treaty of peace, our government should wait for this ratification, and not have to cede territory which the United States senate may not accept."

PACIFIC CABLE.

LONDON, Dec. 17.—The morning newspapers print a letter addressed to the Right Hon. Joseph Chamberlain, Secretary of State for the Colonies, by Sir Sanford Fleming, Chancellor of the Queen's University, Canada, and a leading expert on telegraph communication and the unification of time-reckoning through the world, advocating the adoption of a system of State-owned cables, connecting every British possession and all Great Britain's naval coaling stations. Sir Sanford Fleming proposes three sections of cables, in the Pacific, Indian and Atlantic oceans, and estimates their cost at \$2,000,000. The first step he suggests is a State-owned Pacific cable. He contends that if his proposals were carried out the cost of cabling would be enormously cheapened.

MELBOURNE

"Hard Times no More" is the Message Now Sent

Property in Melbourne is now considered to be recovering from bedrock. "In various ways," says the Argus, "it is becoming apparent that if a great recovery is not near at hand, yet that the inclination to buy real property is becoming much more pronounced than it has been for years past. Owners of cattle have for a long time stood off, waiting for a safe bottom of value to be touched. Not only does such a basis appear at last to be found, but the heavy fall in the rate of interest upon investments that has taken place during the last few years and the dearth of securities of other kinds have relatively bettered the capital value of property. Hence it is the belief of the most reliable authorities that not only has retrogression ceased but that with a recognition of the fact buyers are steadily coming forward. The larger exchange of country estate, the more willing disposition manifested by investors to buy city properties, the improved valuations of such investments, the perceptible advance in rent, and the desire to obtain possession of the residuum of the assets of building societies and kindred institutions, all betoken an improved situation. The sound basis of investment—viz a fair interest return on permanent lines—is fully recognized."

KHARTOUM COLLEGE.

CAIRO, Dec. 16.—The Khedive has headed the local subscription for the Gordon memorial college at Khartoum, giving \$500 for the purpose.

OMAHA TO HAVE ANOTHER.

OMAHA, Dec. 15.—A decision to hold a Greater America exposition in Omaha in 1899 was reached at a mass meeting of business men, bankers and professional men today. Over \$105,000 was subscribed for the project.

IS IN THE SOUTH

President McKinley Talks Well
at Atlanta, Ga.

NO MORE SECTIONAL TIMES

Cordial Feeling Between North and South—The Confederate Dead.
On Territorial Expansion.

ATLANTA, Ga., Dec. 14.—President McKinley, the members of the Cabinet and a party of prominent military men reached Atlanta this morning. They came to participate in the peace jubilee to be held here. At noon the President addressed members of the Georgia Legislature now in session. In the course of his speech the President said: "Sectional lines no longer mar the map of the United States. Sectional feeling no longer holds back the love we bear each other. Fraternity is the national anthem, sung by a chorus of forty-five States and Territories at home and beyond the seas. The union is once more the common altar of our love and loyalty, our devotion and sacrifice. Every soldier's grave made during our unfortunate civil war is a tribute to American valor and while when those graves were made we differed widely about the future of this Government, the differences were long ago settled by the arbitrament of arms, and the time now comes in the evolution of sentiment and feeling under the Providence of God, when in the spirit of fraternity, we share with you in the care of the graves of Confederate soldiers.

"The cordial feelings which now happily exist between the North and South prompts this gracious act, and if it needed further justification it is found in the gallant loyalty to the union and the flag so conspicuously shown in the year just passed by the sons and grandsons of those heroic dead."

The President's reference to the Confederate dead was greeted with the wildest applause.

ATLANTA, Ga., Dec. 15.—In the course of his speech today, President McKinley said:

"The majority of the people of this country, I fully believe, have made up their minds to retain all of those countries that the providence of God has delivered into our hands. The American people are not fools, to be misled, nor are they cowards, to be scared by such statements. This is not a matter of politics, but of patriotism, not a question of supporting this administration, but of sustaining the Government in an honest effort to secure the full fruits of the war.

"The United States has never yet added a foot of new territory but what glorious results have followed. We could have avoided all the difficulties that lie across the pathway of the nation if a few months ago we had coldly ignored the piteous appeals of the starving and oppressed inhabitants of Cuba. If we had blinded ourselves to the conditions so near our shores and turned a deaf ear to our suffering neighbors, the issue of territorial expansion in the Antilles and the East Indies would not have been raised. But could we have justified such a course? Is there anyone who would declare another to have been the better course, with less humanity and less courage on our part? The Spanish flag still floats at Cavite, at Ponce and at Santiago, and a chance in the race of life would be wanting to millions of human beings, who today call this nation noble, and who, I trust, will live to call it blessed.

"Thus far we have done our supreme duty. Shall we now, when victory, won in wars, is written in the treaty of peace, and the civilized world applauds and waits in expectation, turn timidly away from the duties imposed upon the country by its own great deeds? And when the mists fade, and we see with clearer vision, may we not go forth rejoicing in the strength which has been employed solely for humanity, and always been tempered with justice and mercy, confident of our ability to meet the exigencies which await us, confident our course is one of duty, and our cause that of right?"

A FLOUR TRUST

MINNEAPOLIS, Dec. 16.—The flour trust scheme is dead as far as Minneapolis mills are concerned. At a meeting of the representatives of the three leading mills, the Pillsbury-Washington Flour Mill Co., the Northwest Consolidated Co., and the Washburn-Crosby Co., it was unanimously agreed that none of the Minneapolis mills should go into the McIntyre consolidated scheme and that no further attention should be given to the matter. The mills at Milwaukee and Duluth will, in all probability, follow the lead of the Minneapolis millers.

SPAIN WILL PAY

MADRID, Dec. 15.—Senor Puigcarré, minister of finance, in the cabinet council yesterday said that the finance department expected to pay the Cuban debt and added that in eight years time he had hopes that Spain would settle all of the expenses of the war, the country having taxed each element of production.

VIEWS OF RIOS

LONDON, Dec. 17.—The Paris correspondent of the Times, M. de Biowitz, telegraphed this morning a long interview with the president of the Spanish peace commission, Senor Montero Rios, in the course of which he represents the Spanish commission

as complaining that the "Americans had acted as parvenus, who do not yet know misfortune or defeat."

Senor Rios remarked: "When later on they also have suffered reverses, they will be less inflexible to those who have suffered defeat."

The Spanish commissioner contended, according to M. de Biowitz, that the Philippines are still unconquered and that their conquest would not be accomplished quickly. What most pained him, however, appears to have been "America's attempt to deprive Spain of her honor by refusing to arbitrate regarding the Maine."

MCGILL GENEROSITY.

MONTREAL, Dec. 14.—Lord Strathcona, chancellor of McGill, has endowed the new Royal Victoria College for Women, which is shortly to be opened, with a million dollar fund. The governors of McGill have subscribed \$188,000 to meet the deficit on the college.

IRISH ARE MAD

Those in America Declare
Against an Alliance.

Justin McCarthy at Atlanta—Snubbed by Sons of Erin—Makes a Strong Speech.

ATLANTA, Ga., Dec. 12.—Justin McCarthy, who is in America lecturing in the interest of Ireland, and who spoke in Atlanta on "The Victorian Age of Literature," has been snubbed and criticized by Atlanta Irishmen because of his views favoring an Anglo-American alliance, expressed in his lecture on Saturday night, when he declared himself in favor of such an alliance. Today many leading Irishmen of this city are severely criticizing the visitor. It was proposed to honor Mr. McCarthy at a banquet in Atlanta, but Irishmen put on the committee of arrangements have refused to serve, giving as a reason that no true friend of Ireland can favor an English alliance with the United States. The banquet and other entertainments have accordingly been called off. The incident has stirred the Atlanta Irish colony to the greatest pitch.

Mr. McCarthy addressed an immense audience at the Grand opera house, where his utterances were enthusiastically received by Americans, but coldly listened to by many Irish people in the house. Among other things he said: "I am an advocate of a close friendship and an understanding between the two great English-speaking countries of the world. I believe that it would be a good thing for the world. The people of England are friendly toward the United States. Even the war of the American revolution was a war of a ministry, and not of a people against the colonies. The Earl of Chatham and his associates represented the feelings of England at that time, and it was the stubbornness and madness of the King and his closest advisers which led England into war with her colonies. If the two countries form an alliance, they will shape the destinies of the world. The influence of American free institutions will be felt in England, and will aid home rule for Ireland."

It is this language to which the Atlanta Irish object. James Gillespie, who is among those who refused to serve on the banquet committee, said: "It is true that I was one of the committee to entertain Mr. McCarthy. On account of his views on the proposed English-American alliance, the committee decline to act. The Irishmen of this country are a unit against the much-talked-of alliance. They see that England is on her knees begging for an alliance, and it has always been the motto of patriotic sons of Ireland that England's difficulty is Ireland's opportunity. The hope of all Irishmen is to see America steer clear of alliances with England."

VOICE OF BRYAN

WASHINGTON, Dec. 16.—William J. Bryan came to the House of Representatives today, and was given a most cordial reception by his former colleagues in Congress.

Col. Bryan expressed himself very emphatically to his Democratic associates upon the duty of Congress in regard to the Philippines. He believes that the islands ought not to be held longer than is necessary for the United States to establish there a stable and independent government, such as was guaranteed to Cuba in the resolution which led to the declaration of war, and he believes it is the duty of Congress to make a declaration of the intention of the United States at the earliest possible date, in order that there may be no misunderstanding in the future, and that the natives of the islands may be assured that the ultimate purpose of the United States is to give them a free and independent government.

AGAINST GAMBLING

WASHINGTON, Dec. 16.—The House Judiciary Committee gave a hearing today on the Gillett bill, to prohibit the use of telegraph and telephone lines for the purpose of lotteries and horse-race gambling. Mr. Anthony Comstock and Dr. Wilbur Crafts appeared before the committee. Mr. Anthony Comstock said that he had information of the seizure by the Post Office authorities of over \$1,500,000 lottery blanks, demonstrating that lotteries were in existence. He claimed that their business was carried on through telegraph and telephone companies. Dr. Crafts, as the general representative of religious and reform organizations, gave the measure his hearty endorsement.

IN THE CHURCHES

Sunday School Observances of
Christmas.

SPECIAL MUSIC THE FEATURE

Sermons at Central Union—Christmas Trees—Good Times for the Little Ones.

CENTRAL UNION CHURCH.

Two excellent sermons were preached by the Rev. Wm. Morris Kincaid at Central Union church on Christmas Day. The congregations both morning and evening were unusually large. The church was beautifully decorated. The discourse subjects were "The Child King" and "The Christmas Message of Good-Will."

A fine feature of the Christmas services at Central Union was the splendid program of special music under the direction of Choirmaster Yarnley. There was a number of solos and a considerable amount of the best instrumental music.

CHRISTIAN CHURCH.

Walter C. Weedon, superintendent of the Christian church Sunday school, was master of ceremonies at that house of worship last evening. There was a Christmas tree with gifts for all, and an admirable program of music and recitations. Prayer was offered by the pastor, Rev. T. D. Garvin. W. L. Hopper was the Santa Claus. Nearly all of the recitations were by young people. All who attended the celebration agreed that the affair was a most successful one.

PORTUGUESE SUNDAY SCHOOL.

It was on Saturday evening that the Portuguese Protestant church was crowded for the Christmas observance. Superintendent Bowen was the director-general and everything was pleasant. There was a tree and all the children were remembered. The evening was spent with a program of high grade. The church was crowded.

ROMAN CATHOLIC.

Great crowds attended the several services at the Roman Catholic Cathedral on Sunday. The ceremonies were formal and beautiful, with the Bishop leading and the whole of the clergy assisting. The music was exceedingly attractive.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL.

This church was tastefully decorated Sunday evening and all who took part in the exercises did well. The Epworth League conducted the services Sunday night, which consisted of recitations by several young people and an interesting address on the motto of the Epworth League, "Look Up, Lift Up," by Mr. John McTaggart, and singing. Solos by Mrs. Cohn and Miss Chamberlin being worthy of special mention. Last night the Sunday school had their entertainment. A varied and interesting program was rendered. A carol, conducted by Professor Jacobs, was specially interesting, as was also a solo by Miss Nettie Gallagher. The singing by the infant class received much praise. The recitations were well rendered and many of them were of a specially interesting nature. During the rendering of the program several telegrams were received by the superintendent from Santa Claus from various points of his journey from the North Pole to Honolulu. He arrived at the appointed time and made the hearts of the children glad by the distribution of a liberal supply of gifts and sweetmeats. The pastor and his wife were specially well remembered by the gift of a purse well filled by shining gold pieces.

ST. ANDREW'S.

The festival of Christmas was observed in a very joyous manner at St. Andrew's Cathedral by the Second Congregation. Notwithstanding the inclement weather large congregations attended the several services. At the early hour of half past five o'clock there was a celebration of the Holy Communion, when fifty persons partook of the sacred elements. At 9:30 o'clock the service of the day was held, when the Cathedral was crowded, including many of the best people and a number of visitors. The music was an important feature of this service and a very fine program of brilliant church music, entirely new, was excellently rendered by the choir of ladies and gentlemen. The various solos were well sung, while the chorus parts were splendidly given. The familiar Xmas hymns were grandly sung, the entire congregation joining in with a will. Rev. Alex. Mackintosh preached an appropriate sermon from the text: "And His name shall be called Wonderful, Counsellor, The Mighty God, The Everlasting Father, the Prince of Peace." Following this service was another celebration of Holy Communion, at which seventy-five persons communicated.

SECRETARY LONG

A short time ago Mr. Long went to the Navy Department after office hours and instead of going to the main entrance, where he was known, found it more convenient to go in one of the side doors. He was met by a watchman, who demanded his pass. Mr. Long explained that he had no pass, told the watchman he was the Secretary of the Navy. "Anybody can come here and say he is the Secretary of the Navy," replied the watchman. "I don't know you, and you can't enter the building without a pass. This is the order of the Secretary of the Navy." And Mr. Long had to obey his own order.

A Baby Lion!

Did you ever see one? It is as playful and harmless as a kitten. You might have one with you for weeks and not suspect danger.

But, beware! Some day it will surely spring, and the fight for life is at hand. It is just so with a cough. You may carry one with you for weeks and not think of danger. But the danger is there. Some day the fight will be on, and it is a question which will win, Consumption or You.

Ayer's
Cherry
Pectoral

promptly cures all baby coughs; but it cannot always cure the full grown coughs of the most advanced stages of disease. Yet even here it will bring comfort and ease. Then use it early for acute colds, coughs, bronchitis and all pulmonary troubles.

Beware of cheap imitations. See that the name Ayer's Cherry Pectoral is blown in the glass of each bottle. Put up in large and small bottles.

HOLLISTER DRUG CO., Agents.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Sugar, 4 3-8.
The Oahu railroad has begun hauling sugar from Ewa.

The band gave the usual concert at Makee Island on Sunday.
Governor Henry gave the prisoners at Oahu a big Christmas dinner yesterday.

The U. S. Gunboat Bennington boys had a big Christmas feast aboard the ship.

Miss Broth Fanning and Miss Ida Horner leave today for a vacation visit to Maui.

Mrs. Ballentyne, wife of Mr. T. G. Ballentyne, was a passenger by the Milwaukee.

The S. S. Milwaukee was held at Vancouver for the mails, delayed by a railway accident.

The U. S. Engineers at Camp McKinley had a Christmas celebration on Saturday evening.

The children of the Anglican Chinese Sunday school will have their Christmas tree this evening.

Sydney Morse, late of Honolulu and India, is giving vocal recitals at Vancouver as "the Oriental tenor."

Mr. and Mrs. P. C. Jones, of Hawaii, are now back in Philadelphia after visiting friends in Boston.

J. F. Miller, a traveling man who has visited the islands as a seller of oils, died at Phoenix, Ariz., December 8.

Liliuokalani was slightly ill crossing the continent. At Denver Dr. English said that she had a slight cold.

A haole syndicate proposes to buy one of the restaurants on Fort street and conduct the same as a modern cafe.

The usual Christmas luau was served at Oahu Insane Asylum under the direction of Assistant Superintendent F. I. Cutler.

Capt. J. M. Camara, of the Fort street wine house, treated the Gazette Company printers and was voted a jolly good fellow.

Keep in mind the New Year's entertainment at the Y. M. C. A. hall next Monday evening. A splendid program has been prepared.

Geo. More, the veteran who was charged here with burglarizing the Monsarrat residence, is serving in the Hilo jail for larceny.

A merchant sailor arrested Saturday night as a "drunk" when searched at the police station had a tin of opium in one of his pockets.

S. M. Ballou was in Washington the second week of this month. The Honolulu attorney had arrived in the capital from Newton, Mass.

Manager Lucas, of the Hawaiian hotel, made all promises good at the dinner and hop Saturday night. The banquet was one of best ever given in Honolulu.

Pacific Mail Steamship Co.

Occidental & Oriental Steamship Co.

Steamers of the above companies will call at Honolulu and leave this port on or about the dates below mentioned.

FOR JAPAN AND CHINA:		FOR SAN FRANCISCO:	
CITY OF PEKING	DEC. 22	DORIC	DEC. 30
GAELIC	DEC. 31		1899
	1899	NIPPON MARU	JAN. 6
CHINA	JAN. 14		

RATES OF PASSAGE ARE AS FOLLOWS:

SINGLE TRIP.		ROUND TRIP.	
For San Francisco—Cabin	\$75	For San Francisco—Cabin, 4 mo's.	\$125
European Steerage	75	For Yokohama—Cabin, 4 mo's.	225
For Yokohama—Cabin	\$150	Cabin, 12 mo's.	250.50
European Steerage	55	For Hongkong—Cabin, 4 mo's.	242.50
For Hongkong—Cabin	\$175	Cabin, 12 mo's.	315.25
European Steerage	100		

For general information apply to

H. Hackfeld & Co., Ltd.

—AGENTS—

OUR REPUTATION

For fine watch work is widespread; but we wish to impress the few who may not yet be in line, with the necessity of sending their watches, when out of order to us directly; and not first allow every tinkler to ruin the watch, after which, send it to us for proper repairs.

The Cost is always more to you, after such treatment; ever so much better to send it right down to us, for we allow nothing but perfect work to leave our workshop.

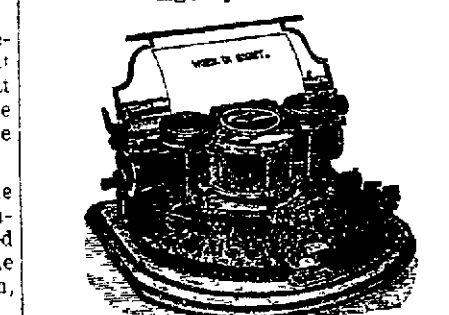
You will be surprised, too, how much cheaper it will be, and how much more satisfactory to you.

Watches are securely packed in wooden boxes, and returned in the safest possible manner.

H.F. WICHMAN
BOX 342.★
TYPEWRITERS' HEADQUARTERS!

Buy Your
Carbon Paper, Typewriter Paper and Ribbons.

At Our Store
Largest Assortment, Best Quality, Lowest Prices
Agency for the



HAMMOND & TYPEWRITERS.
FOR ALL NATIONS AND TONGUES
Remington-Sholes, and New Franklin Machines.
Call or write for Catalogues.

Wall, Nichols Company
Your Money Savers.TIME TABLE
Wilder's Steamship Company

—1898—

S. S. KINAU,

CLARKE, COMMANDER.
Will leave Honolulu every Tuesday at 10 o'clock a. m., touching at Lahaina, Maunaloa Bay, Makana, Mahukona, Kawaihae and Laupahoehoe the following day, arriving in Hilo Wednesday.

LEAVE HONOLULU.

Tuesday	Sept. 13	Tuesday	Nov. 6
Tuesday	Sept. 20	Tuesday	Nov. 13
Tuesday	Sept. 27	Tuesday	Nov. 20
Tuesday	Oct. 4	Tuesday	Nov. 27
Tuesday	Oct. 11	Tuesday	Dec. 4
Tuesday	Oct. 18	Tuesday	Dec. 11
Tuesday	Oct. 25	Tuesday	Dec. 18
Tuesday	Nov. 1	Tuesday	Dec. 25

Returning, will leave Hilo at 8 o'clock a. m., touching at Laupahoehoe, Mahukona, Kawaihae, Makana, Maunaloa Bay and Lahaina the following day, arriving at Honolulu Sunday morning.

ARRIVE HONOLULU.

Sunday	Sept. 13	Sunday	Nov. 13
Sunday	Sept. 20	Sunday	Nov. 20
Sunday	Sept. 27	Sunday	Nov. 27
Sunday	Oct. 4	Sunday	Dec. 4
Sunday	Oct. 11	Sunday	Dec. 11
Sunday	Oct. 18	Sunday	Dec. 18
Sunday	Oct. 25	Sunday	Dec. 25
Sunday	Nov. 1	Sunday	Dec. 25

Will call at Pohokiki, Puna, on the second trip of each month, arriving there on the morning of the day of sailing from Hilo to Honolulu.

The popular route to the Volcano is via Hilo. A good carriage road the entire distance.

S. S. CLAUDINE,

CANFERN, COMMANDER.

Will leave Honolulu Tuesdays at 5 o'clock p. m., touching at Kailua, Hana, Hamoa and Kipahulu, Maui. Returning arrives at Honolulu Sunday mornings.

Will call at Niihau, Kauai, once each month.

No freight will be received after 4 p. m. on day of sailing.

This company reserves the right to make changes in the time of departure and arrival of its steamers WITHOUT NOTICE, and it will not be responsible for any consequences arising therefrom. Consignments must be at the landings to receive their freight. This company will not hold itself responsible for freight after it has been landed.

Live stock received only at owner's risk.

This company will not be responsible for money or valuables of passengers unless placed in the care of purser.

Packages containing personal effects, whether shipped as baggage or freight, if the contents thereof exceed \$100.00 in value, must have the value thereof plainly stated and marked, and the Company will not hold itself liable for any loss or damage in excess of this sum except the goods be shipped under special contract.

All employees of the Company are forbidden to receive or deliver any goods or articles, or to ship any goods or articles, in violation of the company's regulations, which may be seen by shippers upon application to the purser of the Company's steamers.

Shippers are notified that if freight is shipped without receipt, it will be solely at the risk of the shipper.

Passengers are requested to purchase tickets before embarking. Those failing to do so will be subject to an additional charge of \$5 per cent.

C. L. WIGHT, President.
S. B. BOCK, Superintendent.
CAPT. J. A. KING, Port Superintendent.

OF WHITE WINGS

Most of them Have Been Out
During the Week.

VOYAGE OF THE NEW GLADYS

Trip Around to Koolau Bay—Record Time in Lively Sea—Able M—Edith L.

The last week in yachting circles has not been a particularly lively one as the near approach of Christmas had given most people something else to figure on. Most of the boats were out Sunday, the 18th, with jolly parties aboard.

THE ALICE.

Captain Johnson had the Alice out and was not taking any chances on shoal water this trip and took Judge Wilcox along for pilot. What the judge does not know about sailing in these waters, there is no use for anyone else to try and find out, as he is the acknowledged "cracker-jack" of Hawaiian yachtsmen. He had the Alice easily and the trip was a satisfactory one in every respect.

MYRTLE.

Messrs. Harris, Crozier and Patton had a pleasant run, off Diamond Head and back in the Myrtle. Yachting conditions were never better and the run home was made in very satisfactory time.

EDITH L.

Henry Giles and his brother Arthur, with Messrs. Allen and McLain had the Edith L. out for a spin and she showed the advantage of the cleaning and overhauling she had received by out-footing everything of her size in sight. With a good breeze and a light sea the Edith L. shows that she stands a good chance to lead the procession of second-class yachts.

SERIOUS CASE.

Captain E. O. White has a new set of yacht plans that he considers to be ahead of anything that he has yet seen. The fever is growing on the captain and if the doctors do not prescribe a new boat for him soon, his condition is likely to become serious. He hopes to have a boat of his own before the next regatta, that will run away from them all.

ABBIE M.

Marshall's Clerk Dow has been keeping the course hot, between the harbor and Diamond Head of late. With Dow Jr. for crew he is prepared for any and all emergencies. The 17th he took Charles Phillips out for a turn and Sunday morning he had Messrs. McCaffrey, Clayton and Bacon of the U. S. A. out for a sail. This was the first experience of these "three soldier men in blue" and two of them became quite "confidential with Neptune," before they got back to the harbor. Dow is one of the best fellows in the world to go sailing with and if his popularity increases much more he will have to open a passenger list for advance engagements.

MARION.

Professor Lightfoot gave a party of ladies a most enjoyable trip in the Marion the other day. It was regular ladies' weather and they found the sail most delightful.

POKIL.

It is too bad that the Pokil has been stripped. It seems as if something must be wrong when the other boats are out without the Pokil, as she is usually on hand and ready for a brush with anything that floats. It is to be hoped that she will be out of commission but a very short time.

GLADYS.

The Gladys was the only one of the home yachts to take a cruise of any length. Saturday Captain T. W. Hobson with Messrs. Banning and Pearson and with Kalepe for pilot, cleared at 11 a. m. for Heeia, on the opposite side of the island. This trip is justly considered to be the roughest one in Oahu waters.

Strong trades had been blowing for several days and the seas off Makapuu, Koko Head and Mokuapi were tremendous. From Honolulu to Makapuu was a dead beat to windward and with a strong wind and a single reef the Gladys was driven over the big rollers in record-breaking time, making the run from Honolulu to Koko Head in two hours and ten minutes. Every wave carried a white cap and the spray flew merrily off Makapuu. A large ship was sighted and hoping that it might be the Alden Besse, on which friends were expected, they stood out to sea for about five miles to meet her, but it proved to be the American ship St. George. Being then so far out, the Gladys was able to make the run to Bird Island with a beam wind and fairly flew over the course. Shortly after passing between Bird Island and Mokuapi Point, darkness came down and as it did out of the question to make a boat through the Heia channel except in a good light, they were obliged to drop anchor off Mokuapi and some two miles from Heia. Captain Hobson and the pilot went ashore in a small boat to phone the friends at home, while the others made a dinner ready. On the captain's return all hands fell to with a will and stowed away a dinner that would have bankrupted a restaurant. The anchor, while not a quiet one, is far superior to Waianae, and a good night's rest was had.

At daylight the anchor was heaved up and under the jib only, the pilot took the yacht in, through a channel that would put a rail fence to the blush for crookedness. Anchor was again dropped off the wharf at Heia, but in a mud bottom it failed to hold in the

REV. MR. USBORNE IS BACK.

The Rev. John Usborne, who came down from Canada to serve on the staff of the Bishop of Honolulu and who in a few months cut away from the Rt. Rev. Alfred and started St. Clement's Mission in Punahou, is again in Honolulu. He is back to the islands after attending the Episcopal Congress of the United States at Washington, D. C. The Rev. Mr. Usborne is a man of education, training and has a large amount of independence, most likely commingled with a degree of combativeness. With it all he is a sturdy churchman and puts the work of his life as a clergyman ahead of any other consideration. When Rev. Mr. Usborne fell out with the Bishop it was at once known that there had been a difference. Rev. Mr. Usborne issued several letters here and in the United States and further proceeded without delay to erect a Mission Church in the Punahou district. Services have been held regularly in the pretty little miniature of a cathedral. There is always a fair sized congregation and the music is good. The Bishop of Honolulu has issued a number of proclamations re Rev. Mr. Usborne and the Punahou church. These have been to the effect that Rev. Mr. Usborne had gone far beyond the bounds of church regulations in rising in revolt and that the Chapel was irregular in every way on account, as alleged, of being on ground not owned by the Anglican Church in Hawaii, through its trustees.

In a short time now, the Rev. Mr. Usborne will make to the people here a complete statement of his relations with the Bishop of Honolulu and of the trip to the United States. Rev. Mr. Usborne said yesterday that the American House of Bishops at Washington had treated him most cordially. He was given a chair in the Congress and had access to all the committees of the gathering. In one way and another he placed before the ruling dignitaries the story of the church in these islands and after making known his desires received every encouragement. Rev. Mr. Usborne is quite confident concerning the outcome of the purpose of his trip to the States, as well as the final result in the differences with the Bishop.

It is not in the very highest regard (officially) that Alfred Honolulu is held by the Rev. Mr. Usborne. The Rector of St. Clement's speaks plainly—respectfully, but clearly. He declares earnestly that Bishop Willis has no color of authority for ruling the church in Hawaii. The Rev. Mr. Usborne asserts that the Bishop has no authority in Hawaii. He is not in an official way. The Rector says the Bishop simply assumes power that he does not at all possess. Rev. Mr. Usborne continues that Alfred Honolulu, in the exercise of rule, is exactly like a man who, as an outsider, would walk up to a military company and begin issuing orders and expect obedience. The Bishop, says Rev. Mr. Usborne, has been accepted as supreme here, for no reason except that he has in a way established himself, but that when the situation and the facts are known, as they are soon to be presented, the Bishop will be utterly disregarded.

It was only briefly that Rev. Mr. Usborne would speak of the new quarrel between the First and Second Congregations of St. Andrew's Cathedral. He said that the great mistake made was in having a contention over property. He points out that in a religious affair property should be the last thing to be thought of by the disputants or others interested. Property, in church work, should be a minor matter. The duties imposed upon those of the faith to spread the Gospel should take first place.

ON A ROOF GARDEN.

Surprise Party at F. W. Beardslee's New Home.

(From Saturday's Advertiser.)

A pleasant surprise was given Mr. F. W. Beardslee in his new quarters at the Arlington annex on Hotel street, last evening, by friends from the Hawaiian hotel. Mr. Beardslee has fitted up a most attractive roof garden in connection with his offices, and his friends have been waiting patiently for the completion of this garden in order to give the genial host a house warming. Early in the evening Mr. Beardslee was enticed away from his rooms and in his absence Captain Taylor and three daughters, with Mrs. Bradbury, all of San Francisco, together with other friends, took possession. They turned out all the lights and soon after the unsuspecting victim entered. The guests were seated on the roof garden, each armed with some musical instrument, and at the entrance of Mr. Beardslee, every one struck their several instruments and rendered a selection that could only be equalled by Herr Berger and his famous band.

The surprise was complete and was only the beginning of a very enjoyable evening. During the stay of the guests they were entertained by solos from all, including the host, who rendered some of his best vocal selections with guitar accompaniment. Every body voted the roof garden a success and after congratulations to Mr. Beardslee on his cosy surroundings, the merry guests took their departure with a cordial invitation to make this the first of many such occasions. During the evening the roof garden was lighted by many Japanese lanterns, which lent a charm to a very pretty picture.

BIG CONTAINER COLLAPSES.

NEW YORK, December 13.—The big new telescopic gas holder of the Consolidated Gas Company, said to be the largest in the world, which had just been erected in the center of the block bounded by First avenue, Avenue A and Twentieth and Twenty-first streets burst while it was being tested at 5:30 o'clock, let loose a flood of 5,000,000 gallons of water, buried in its ruins at least one man, killed two more, and sent a score to the hospitals or under the doctor's care with injuries more or less serious. The gas went out wherever the company's service extended below Grand street and was not turned on again.

Towering to a height of 212 feet above the ground, and having a diameter of 178 feet, there were thousands of tons of iron and masonry used in the construction of the great tank. In its collapse this tumbling mass of stuff tore down the rear sections of the buildings which face on Avenue A.

FLOUR TRUST

NEW YORK, December 4.—A gigantic flour trust has been formed to control nearly all the product in this country and also the supply of three-fourths of the world. The English stockholders on the big Pillsbury-Washburn Milling Company were reluctant at first to join, but were finally won over and the flour trust became a certainty.

The trust will have approximately the enormous capital of \$150,000,000. It will embrace all the principal mills of this country and will have a daily capacity of 95,000 barrels of flour, consuming in this manner about 500,000 bushels of wheat.

A TRUST TRICK

ST. LOUIS, December 2.—The Republic tomorrow will say: The independent wholesale grocers of St. Louis are making a lively protest against the aggressions of the American Sugar Refining Company, commonly known as the sugar trust. It is asserted that the trust is charging a higher rate of freight for the delivery of sugar in this city than it is paying to the railroad companies, and is pocketing a neat profit thereby.

HAD A BIG TREE

Visit of Santa to Central Union Children.

Sunday School Scholars Given a Pleasant Evening—Candy and Pop-Corn.

(From Saturday's Advertiser.)

Fully a thousand people, big and little, crowded into the Sunday school parlors of Central Union church last night. It was the happiest, merriest time of all the year for the little people and for the big ones too.

Santa Claus was there. And a good old Santa Claus he was, with his long, shaggy beard and his comical manner of talking to the little ones. He came right out of the North with his heavy robes on, and yet some were mean enough to say that he lived in Honolulu and bore the name of a well known young man, Mr. B. L. Marx. However, Santa Claus was there and had brought a present for every child in the house. He brought a tree from Tantalus, too, a beautiful evergreen, and loaded it with gifts and sweet meats, white silver and golden colors set in a glare of light.

Then after the presents were distributed and all the little hearts were beating happily everybody had a dish of ice cream, with cake, and the papas and mammas gathered together and watched the glad-faced children and talked of the days when they were little ones and loved the happy Christmas time.

Each child was given a box of candy and a string of popcorn, then, after many "good nights," the little ones were taken home and the good, old-fashioned Christmas festival was over.

HAWAIIAN MISSIONS.

The General Missionary Committee of the M. E. church at its late session in Providence, appropriated \$985 for English work in the Hawaiian Islands, and \$1479 for its Japanese work here.

The Southern Baptists, one of the largest denominations in the United States, are contemplating beginning missionary work at the Hawaiian Islands. One of the recruits for the first band to be sent here is a lady who was for many years connected with one of the schools for Hawaiian girls.

HUNTINGTON'S HAND.

WASHINGTON, December 10.—That the transcontinental railroads, led by Collis P. Huntington, are doing all in their power to defeat Nicaraguan canal legislation is now doubted by no one who is watching the course of events. In the house committee, where there has heretofore been unanimity in advocacy of the canal, there is a condition which may defeat any report upon a bill, and this condition is attributed to the fine hand of Huntington.

NEW IMPROVED

CANE : KNIFE.

Planters' Improved Hoe.

Forged from one solid piece of steel. Made specially to our order.

Fence Wire

Of the Best Quality.

GALVANIZED. NOS. 4, 5 and 6.

IN PERFECT ORDER.

Call and examine the above.

Breaking Plows,

Secretary Disc Plows,

Small Steel Plows,

FOR CULTIVATING.

Whips and Whip Stocks.

Whiffletrees.

Pacific Hardware Co.

—LIMITED.—

Fort Street.

Agents for the Vacuum Oils.

CLARK'S B 41 PILLS

Are warranted to cure Gravel, Catarrh of the neck, and all kindred complaints, Free from Mercury. Established over 20 years. In boxes of 25, each of all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors throughout the World. Proprietors, The Lincoln and Midland Counties Drug Company, Lincoln, England.

Down Again

In prices is the market for flour and feed, and we follow it closely. Send us your orders and they will be filled at the lowest market price. The matter of 5 or 10 cents upon a hundred pounds of feed should not concern you as much as the quality, as poor feed is dear at any price.

We Carry Only the Best.

When you want the Best Hay, Feed or Grain, at the Right Prices, order from

CALIFORNIA FEED CO.

TELEPHONE 121.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S
Chlorodyne
Original and Only Genuine.
Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis.

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne

Vice-Chancellor SIR W. PAGE WOOD stated publicly in court that DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE was undoubtedly the INVENTOR of CHLORODYNE; that the whole story of the defendant, Freeman, was deliberately untrue, and he regretted to say it had been sworn to. See The Times, July 10, 1864.

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne

Is a liquid medicine which assures PAIN OF EVERY KIND, affords a calm, refreshing sleep WITHOUT HEADACHE, and INVIGORATES the nervous system when exhausted. Is the Great Specific for Cholera, Dysentery, Diarrhoea.

The General Board of Health, London, reports that it ACTS as a CHARM; one dose generally sufficient.

Dr. Gibson, Army Medical Staff, Calcutta, states: "Two doses completely cured me of diarrhoea."

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne

Is the TRUE PALLIATIVE in Neuralgia, Gout, Cancer, Toothache, Rheumatism.

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne

Rapidly cures short attacks of Epilepsy, Spasms, Colic, Palpitation, Hysteria.

IMPORTANT CAUTION.—The immense sale of this Remedy has given rise to many Unscrupulous Imitations.

N. B.—Every Bottle of Genuine Chlorodyne bears on the Government Stamp the name of the Inventor, Dr. J. Collis Browne. Sold in bottles, 1s. 1/2d., 2s. 6d. and 4s. 6d., by all chemists.

Sole Manufacturer:
J. T. DAVENPORT,
88 GREAT RUSSELL ST., LONDON, W. C.

KING BROS.

Have a superb array of GOODS selected by Will C. King from the latest Novelties on the Coast.

Suitable for Christmas and Wedding Presents, consisting of

PICTURES,
ART STATUARY,
PHOTO PANELS,
—AND—
ART NOVELTIES.

Also the latest in PICTURE MOULDINGS

—AND—
FRAMING MATERIALS.

All are welcome at their Show Rooms

110 HOTEL ST.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

The Famous Tourist Route of the World.

In Connection With the Canadian-Australian Steamship Line Tickets Are Issued

To All Points in the United States and Canada, via Victoria and Vancouver.

MOUNTAIN RESORTS:
Banff, Glacier, Mount Stephen and Fraser Canon.

Empress Line of Steamers from Vancouver
Tickets to All Points in Japan, China, India and Around the World.

For tickets and general information apply to

THEO. H. DAVIES & CO., LTD.,
Agents Canadian-Australian S. S. Line,
Canadian Pacific Railway.

Read the Hawaiian Gazette
(Semi-Weekly).

ARE YOU READY

To look at the finest and most complete line of holiday goods ever imported into the Hawaiian Islands? If so we shall be pleased to offer the services of one of our obliging clerks to show you the goods.

TIME NO OBJECT.

The goods were purchased by our Mr. Barthrop, who has recently returned from a tour among the leading makers throughout the United States.

In quality and price we are leaders.

COME AND SEE.

We have a line of fine leather goods that embraces almost everything useful made of leather at prices astonishingly low.

IN CELLULOID GOODS our line will astonish you.

FANCY GLASS BOTTLES. We lead our competitors.

PERFUMERY is our forte. Our line of Palmer's, Lazell, Dalley & Co., Lumborgs, Colgate, Pinauds, Rigand & Co., Roger & Gallet, is complete.

HOLLISTER DRUG CO.

TIMELY TOPICS
December 19, 1898.

A FEW MORE HANDSOME GOODS.

Last week we spoke of B & H Lamps. We are more than pleased with the sale we have had on these goods last week, as it goes to show that our efforts on behalf of our patrons is fully appreciated.

This week we are desirous of calling your attention to a handsome line of

ART MIRRORS,
ART VASES,
ART PITCHERS,
ART CANDLE STICKS.

These goods are without exception the most handsome line ever brought before the public of Honolulu.

The Scourse Mirrors are the very best beveled plate glass set in the latest creation artists of the highest order can conceive and are of a large variety of designs.

What we have said of the Mirrors also applies to the assortment of

VASES : AND : PITCHERS.

Within the last year or so the fad of using candle sticks is again in vogue, with the exception that at the present day the designs are much prettier than those used in the last century.

It is no uncommon thing today to step into the best furnished houses and find these Art Candle Sticks displayed in some cosy nook around the house. Our assortment of these goods consists of several patterns.

The Hawaiian Hardware Co.

Limited.

307 FORT ST.

BIG JAP SOLDIER

Remarkable Distinction Accorded
to a Private.

CALLED BEFORE HIS EMPEROR

Put Through the Manual and Set-
ting Up Exercises—A Cere-
mony—Man a Giant.

(The subjoined is translated from
one of the leading vernacular papers of
Japan. It is a quaint account of an in-
cident that opens a side view on Japan
to the Westerner).

The following further particulars are
to hand as regards the soldier of gi-
gantic stature who had the honor of
being presented to the emperor at the
grand manoeuvre headquarters. His
name is Mazumi Yamashita and he be-
longed to the Third Regiment of the
Nagoya Field Artillery. It was about
March last that Colonel Watanabe, mi-
litary attaché to the emperor, was sent
to Nagoya to inspect the soldiers be-
longing to the Third division and in
his report on his return there was a
paragraph about a soldier of gigantic
stature and enormous strength, who
was besides most assiduous in his ser-
vice and exemplary in his general con-
duct. This report had not been for-
gotten by the emperor when his majes-
ty on the 19th inst., at the successful
conclusion of the grand manoeuvres,
inquired of the chief military attaché,
Lieutenant-General Okazawa, whether
or not the soldier participated in the
grand manoeuvres. Thereupon he was
hunted up in the Third regiment of the
said field artillery, and was immedi-
ately brought to headquarters, where he
was made to go through arms drills
and other forms of calisthenics, Col
Watanabe giving orders, before a win-
dow behind which his emperor was
watching him. The exercises conclud-
ed Lieutenant-General Okazawa called
the soldier into his room and impres-
sively told him that nothing could
compare to the honor which had just
been granted in being summoned so
near the presence of his majesty, and
that therefore he should bear the occa-
sion always in mind and attend to his
duties with all his heart as it would
be a great calamity if he were to be
found misbehaving himself at some fu-
ture time when his majesty again
might inquire about him. Just at this
moment viscount Tanaka, the minister
of the imperial household, stepped into
the room and after telling the soldier
what a gracious regard had been
shown him that day, added that the
great honor attached not only to him-
self, but also to his family, his prede-
cessors as well as progeny, and also to
his own regiment, and handed him a
box of cakes, remarking that the con-
fectionery was to have been offered
to the emperor on the preceding day
but that it was now given to him, so
he should hurry back home with it and
share the contents with his parents.
The soldier was overjoyed and even
moved to tears; and while in that con-
dition he was led away by Sergeant-
Major Magosaburo Nakamura. Private
Yamashita enlisted in December last
and is now twenty-two years of age.
His muscular strength is such that he
can carry a field piece on his shoulders
and climb up mountains where horses
are not available. He regularly re-
ceives two men's rations of food and
his uniforms, etc. are specially made to
fit him.

BOXING CLASS IN A CHURCH

A Jersey City Pastor Who Favors the
Manly Art.

NEW YORK, December 10.—A box-
ing class has been formed in connec-
tion with St. John's Episcopal church in
Jersey City. Here is what the pastor,
Rev. E. L. Stoddard, says: "It is no
worse than dancing, and I see no rea-
son why the young men in the church
should not have an opportunity to
learn how to use their fists. When I
was a young man I boxed and fenced
and used the broadsword. We have had
boxing gloves in the gymnasium ever
since it was started ten years ago, and
the boys have always boxed, but they
have never before had an opportunity
to learn to box properly under an ex-
perienced teacher. I believe that it
makes a fellow more manly to feel that
he can use his fists if he is forced to do
it."

AN OFFER BY JAPAN

NEW YORK, Dec. 8.—A special to
the Sun from Washington says: Sena-
tor Kyle of South Dakota is authority
for the statement, which he declares
he makes on semi-official authority,
that Japan has offered this Government
\$200,000,000 for the Philippine
islands. He says that there is a dis-
tinct sentiment in official circles in
favor of eventually turning the islands
over to Japan or to some other power
or powers.

These statements are given some
weight by the fact that yesterday Sena-
tor Kyle had an interview with the
President concerning our policy in the
Philippines. Senator Kyle declares he
will vote for ratification of the peace
treaty and that he considers it to be

the duty of every Senator to do so. He
says he is opposed, however, to having
the United States hold all the islands
permanently, and believes that this
Government should be satisfied with
retaining some point in the islands as
a naval base and coaling station.

GARCIA DEAD.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 11.—Gen. Cal-
ixto Garcia, the distinguished Cuban
warrior and leader and the head of the
Commission elected by the Cuban As-
sembly to visit this country, died here
this morning shortly after 10 o'clock
at the Hotel Raleigh, where the Com-
mission has its headquarters. The
sudden change from the warm climate
of Cuba, with the hardships he had
there endured, to the wintry weather
of New York and Washington, is re-
sponsible for the pneumonia which re-
sulted in his demise. He contracted a
slight cold in New York, which did
not assume an alarming stage until
the early part of last week.

NEW IN ENGLAND

Christian Science Meet-
ing Sharp Reproof.

Popular Irritation Over the Folly.
Legal Repression—Results of
Careful Research.

NEW YORK, Dec. 11.—A Sun cable
from London says. Popular irrita-
tion over the folly and bigotry which
are sacrificing valuable lives in the
name of so-called Christian science, is
becoming very strong in this country.
The fad is a new growth in England,
and its votaries are few compared with
the number of followers which it
gained in America when the craze was
at its height ten or twelve years ago.
Christian science differs scarcely at all
in its principles and teachings from
the doctrines of "the peculiar people,"
a much humbler class of faith-curers,
whose representatives frequently fig-
ure in English police courts upon com-
plaints of societies for the protection
of children from cruelty. These igno-
rant faddists are often punished by fine
or imprisonment for neglecting to pro-
vide proper medical care for their
children or others dependent upon
them in case of illness.

Now that Christian science is gain-
ing a foothold among persons presum-
ably of a higher grade of intelligence,
and is carrying the dangers of the pos-
session of a little knowledge to the
point of technical manslaughter, so-
ciety is naturally becoming exasperated
and is demanding a stern legal re-
pression of the mischief. Hence it is
that the death of Harold Frederic has
developed into a test case against the
leaders of the movement.

Meantime an English investigator
has discovered that so-called Christian
science does not even possess the first
merit claimed for it, namely, an origin
in the teachings of Christ in the New
Testament. Christian science of to-
day is, in fact, merely a revival of the
Babylonian medical beliefs of 3,000
years ago. The only change of im-
portance is that, naturally, God and
Christ have been substituted for the
ancient gods or spirits. The Babylon-
ians of 3,000 years ago had a very
common and widespread belief that
nature was a realm under the sway of
two camps of spirits, one benevolent,
the other malevolent. According as
one or the other prevailed, the Baby-
lonian was well or ill.

KINAU ARRIVAL.

The Frederick Dhu reached Hilo last
Sunday, sixteen days from San Francisco.
J. R. Wilson and family were aboard.
The schooner John C. Smith is "out
and on" at Honolulu, weather being too
rough for anchorage.

Andrew Moore telephoned to Kawaiahae
that he was seeing at Paahau the
rueful weather he had ever known
here. The landing-lower works—had
been carried away and the rest of the
structure was in danger.

The pleasure yacht Josephine, fifty-
three days from San Diego, is at Hilo.
It is about seventeen tons burthen.
The weather was so rough at Lahaina
that the Mauna Loa transferred her
right to the Kauai, but Capt. Clarke
and Purser Beckley are proud of the
fact that the Kinau's boats went in
through the breakers and brought off
everybody safely.
Capt. Lydie is much struck with the
beauty and beauty of the island of Ha-
waii. He twice felt capable of becoming
highly productive.

Pardon Session.

Only two pardons were granted by the
Council of State at the session yester-
day. Sam Johnson, a Chinese opium
mugger at Wailuku, was the first to re-
ceive clemency. He gets a present of six
months and will return to his home in
San Francisco, where he has a wife
and several children.
A Japanese, quite ill, can leave Oahu
on once, instead of waiting until
April.

The Council declined to reduce the sen-
tence of the two Japanese murderers
who are in for twenty years. They were
sentenced to death, had this com-
muted to life imprisonment and a few
years ago secured a chance to twenty.

Another opportunity to purchase
goods at auction, before packing the
goods, will be given buyers on Thurs-
day, December 29th at 10 a. m. and 7 p.
m. in the Progress block.

The new nine-roller mill for Kukui
is being shipped by the Honolulu
Iron Works.

The police people report it a dull
holiday season in their line.

Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and
Diarrhoea Remedy can always be de-
pended upon and is pleasant and safe
to take. Sold by all druggists and deal-
ers. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents
for H. I.

BEER FOR BOYS

Advocated By Commissary General
of the Army.

ACCEPTS BLUE RIBBON FIGHT

Subsistence Department—Cooking
British Army Rations—Pres-
sure of Dealers

WASHINGTON, December 13.—Com-
missary-General Eagan of the War De-
partment continued his testimony be-
fore the War Investigating Committee
today. He urged that the Subsistence
Department should control the trans-
portation of all its supplies and the
furnishing of means for cooking and
eating. He said the Secretary of War
today approved a bill authorizing the
Subsistence Department to build and
furnish bake ovens, mess equipment,
etc., which were much needed. He
thought the Quartermaster-General's
department was overburdened with du-
ties innumerable.

He pointed out that the British army
was not as well fed by any means as
our own, and that the rations already
provided the United States soldiers are
satisfactory, with the possible addition
of dried fruits. He spoke of the con-
stant and urgent importunities, which
he said, sometimes amounted to per-
secution, that various articles of food be
added to the regular rations. These im-
portunities were backed by strong sup-
port and heavy capital. One well-
known Senator, whose name he with-
held, he said, had proposed and in-
sisted on the article being added, which
he claimed would cost only about a
cent a ration. While this might be so,
for the whole army its cost would
amount to an amazing figure.

He said he believed beer should be
furnished the men in such quantities
as the commanding officer may decide
to be best, and in the interest of the
men he would be willing to incur the
hostility of the blue ribbon societies.
Referring to a complaint of the beef
given the men in Porto Rico at the out-
set of that campaign, General Eagan
said the responsibility rested on other
shoulders than his own; that he had
purchased the best beef, but after the
contract was entered into and the
beef was aboard the ships and sent
from Newport News General Miles had
telegraphed him that he could get the
beef on the island. Consequently the
beef he shipped remained on the ships
except for a small amount which was
brought back to New York and thrown
overboard. The beef, of fine quality,
was there, he said, and should have
been taken.

"No one," he said, "with any sense
could hesitate to favor refrigerated
beef as against native beef."

He said he had now sent a refrigera-
tor plant to San Juan.

Referring to the ignorance of the
volunteer army as to rations, General
Eagan said there should be one com-
missary-sergeant with each regiment,
to instruct the others as to the use and
extent of rations.

A BACK BLOW.

The Weapon Small—But None More
Certain or Effective.

In these times when backs are lame,
when almost every other one we meet
has now and then, or all the time, a
back that aches or pains—"A weak
back," "a bad back," a back that makes
their life a misery to bear—and still
they go on day by day in suffering and
pain. Now 'tis the easiest thing in
the world to give this played out put
a blow that will settle it, and put in
its place a new one equal to any. It's
just like this: Hit at the cause, most
backaches come from kidney disorder.
Reach the kidneys, start their clogged
up fibres in operation; when this is
done you can say good bye to back-
ache.

Here is a case from Battle Creek,
Michigan. Mr. Josiah M. Shoup lives
at 51 Broad Street, he was a member
of the Battle Creek police force for
many years. As a member of the
force he served the city well, but the
rough weather he was often subjected
to laid the foundation of kidney
trouble, which has troubled him very
much. Here is what he says about it:

"About three years ago, while on the
police force, I contracted from ex-
posure a kidney trouble, which has since
given me no end of trouble. The pain
was right through my kidneys and
across the small of my back; if sitting
down and I wanted to stand up I had
to rise very slowly, and gently to avoid
increasing the pain. I had such tired
out feelings all the time, and I was
steadily getting worse. About two
months ago, hearing of Doan's Back-
ache Kidney Pills, I got a box. Their
action and effect was most complete.
They removed the old aching pains for
good. I can now get around as quick-
ly as anybody. Doan's Backache Kid-
ney Pills are certainly as represented."

Doan's Backache Kidney Pills are
sold for 50 cents per box, or 6 boxes
for \$2.50, by all dealers, or will be for-
warded by mail to any address, on re-
ceipt of price, by the Hollister Drug
Co., Ltd., Honolulu, agents for the
Islands.

DEATH IN A SEWER.

BARCELONA, December 11.—A
large quantity of brickwork in a sewer
in course of construction here, col-
lapsed this afternoon, burying many of
the workmen. Eighteen bodies have
been recovered.

**RED
ROUGH
HANDS**

Itching, scaly, bleeding palms, shapeless nails,
and painful finger ends, pimples, blackheads,
oily, mothy skin, dry, thin, and falling hair, itch-
ing, scaly scalps, all yield quickly to warm baths
with CUTICURA SOAP, and gentle anointings with Cu-
TICURA (ointment), greatest of emollient skin cures.

Cuticura

Is sold throughout the world. British depot: F. NEWBURY &
Sons, London. POTTER D. AND C. CORP., Sole Props., Boston,
U. S. A. "How to Produce Soft White Hands," post free.

ITCHING HUMOURS Instantly relieved by
CUTICURA REMEDIES.

California Fertilizer Works

Office: 527 1/2 Merchant St., San Francisco, Cal.
Factories: South San Francisco and Berkeley, Cal.

J. E. MILLER, MANAGER.

MANUFACTURERS OF PURE BONE FERTILIZERS
AND PURE BONE MEAL.

DEALERS IN.....

Fertilizer Materials!

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Have constantly on hand the following goods adapted to the Island trade:

HIGH GRADE CANE MANURE, <A> FERTILIZERS,
NITRATE OF SODA, SULPHATE OF AMMONIA,
HIGH GRADE SULPHATE OF POTASH,
FISH GUANO, WOOL DUST, ETC
Special Manures Manufactured to Order.

The manures manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FERTILIZER WORKS are made entirely
from clean bone treated with acid. Dry Blood and Flesh, Potash and Magnesia Salts.
No adulteration of any kind is used, and every ton is sold under a guaranteed anal-
ysis. One ton of one thousand tons are almost exactly alike and for excellent me-
chanical condition and high analysis have no superior in the market.
The superiority of Pure Bone over any other Phosphatic Material for Fertilizer use
is so well known that it needs no explanation.
The large and constantly increasing demand for the Fertilizers manufactured by the
CALIFORNIA FERTILIZER WORKS is the best possible proof of their superior quality.

A Stock of these Fertilizers will be kept constantly on hand and for sale on the usual terms, by

J. C. Brewer & Co., Ltd.

HONOLULU AGENTS CALIFORNIA FERTILIZER WORKS.

Occident and Orient!

BOTH ENDS MEET AT

**HOLLISTER & CO.'S
TOBACCO STORE.****Havana and Manila Cigars**

Just Received ex. Stms. Belgic
and Australia!

Corner Fort and Merchant Streets.

RENTING BICYCLES

Is a branch of our business that we pay
a great deal of attention to, so we are able to furnish you with a fine
easy running bicycle on a moment's notice.

You prefer to own your own wheel? Good enough; we can
furnish you a new best girl, or your wife and children, with the
best that the Columbia and Rambler people make, and that is as good
as "as" be made with the best of material and over twenty years'
experience.

If you want to Rent, Buy or Repair, call on

E. O. HALL & SON, Ltd.

INSURANCE.

Theo. H. Davies & Co.

(Limited)

AGENTS FOR FIRE, LIFE AND
MARINE INSURANCE.

Northern Assurance Company,

OF LONDON, FOR FIRE AND

LIFE Established 1836.

ACCUMULATED FUNDS £3,975,000.

British and Foreign Marine Ins. Co

OF LIVERPOOL, FOR MARINE.

CAPITAL £1,000,000.

REDUCTION OF RATE—
IMMEDIATE PAYMENT OF CLAIMS.

THEO. H. DAVIES & CO., LTD.
AGENTS

J. S. WALKER,
General Agent Hawn. Isl.

Royal Insurance Company:

ALLIANCE INSURANCE CO.;

ALLIANCE MARINE AND GENERAL

INSURANCE CO.

WILHELM OF MADDEBURG INSURANCE CO.

SUN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA

SCOTTISH UNION AND NATIONAL UNION.

Room 12, Spreckels Block.

Hamburg-Bremen Fire Insurance Co

The undersigned having been appointed
Agents of the above company are prepared to
insure risks against fire on Stone and
Brick Buildings and on Merchandise stored
therein on the most favorable terms. For
particulars apply at the office of
F. A. SCHAEFER & Co., Agents.

German Lloyd Marine Insurance Co
OF BERLIN.

Fortuna General Insurance Co
OF BERLIN.

The above Insurance Companies have
established a general agency here, and the
undersigned, general agents, are author-
ized to take risks against the dangers of the
sea at the most reasonable rates and on the
most favorable terms.
F. A. SCHAEFER & Co.,
Agents for the Hawaiian Islands

General Insurance Co. for Sea,
River and Land Transport
of Dresden.

Having established an agency at Hon-
olulu and the Hawaiian Islands the un-
dersigned general agents are authorized to take
risks against the dangers of the sea at the
most reasonable rates and on the most favor-
able terms.
F. A. SCHAEFER & Co.,
Agents for the Hawaiian Islands

TRANS-ATLANTIC FIRE INS. CO.
OF HAMBURG.

Capital of the Company and re-
serve, reichsmarks - - - - - 6,000,000
Capital their reinsurance com-
panies - - - - - 101,650,900
Total reichsmarks - - - - - 107,650,900

North German Fire Insurance Co.
OF HAMBURG.

Capital of the Company and re-
serve, reichsmarks - - - - - 8,890,000
Capital their reinsurance com-
panies - - - - - 35,000,000
Total reichsmarks - - - - - 43,890,000

The undersigned, general agents of the
above two companies, for the Hawaiian
Islands, are prepared to insure Buildings,
Furniture, Merchandise and Produce, Ma-
chinery, etc., also sugar and Rice Mills,
and Vessels in the harbor, against loss or
damage by fire, on the most favorable terms.

H. HACKFELD & CO., Limited.

North British & Mercantile Insurance Co

TOTAL FUNDS AT 31st DECEMBER, 1897,
£12,558,989.

1 Authorized Capital—£2,000,000 £ s d

Subscribed - - - - - 2,750,000

Paid up Capital - - - - - 687,500 0 0

2—Fire Funds - - - - - 2,742,819 7 3

3—Life and Annuity Funds - - - - - 1,157,770 1 0

£12,558,989 8 9

Reserve Fire Branch - - - - - 1,551,777 3 9

Reserve Life and Annuity - - - - - 1,276,611 1 0

Branches - - - - - £12,785,444 9 8

The above stated Funds of the Fire and Life
Departments are free from liability in respect
of each other.

ED. HOFFSCHLAGER & CO.

Agents for the Hawaiian Islands

CASTLE & COOK, IMPORTERS

LIFE AND FIRE

INSURANCE AGENTS

AGENTS FOR

New England Mutual Life Insurance Co

OF BOSTON.

Edo Fire Insurance Company

OF HARTFORD.

TRADE OF HAWAII

Report of Com. Kenny to Foreign Office.

Handicap of British Manufacturers—Their Goods—United States. Market for Coal.

The British Foreign Office has just published an exhaustive report of the trade of Hawaii viewed in the light of the annexation to the United States. The report was compiled by Mr. Kenny, the British Acting Consul General in Honolulu. The total value of the import and export trade of the islands last year was \$5,127,370, of which \$1,822,879 was the value of the imports and \$3,304,491 that of the exports. The export of sugar last year amounted to 222,334 tons, all of which went to the United States. The share of the United States in the import trade was very nearly 77 per cent., while that of Great Britain and her possessions was nearly 12 per cent., the remainder—11 per cent.—being distributed equally between Germany, China, Japan, and all other countries. In the exports the share of the United States is still larger, and amounts to 99.62 per cent., or practically the whole trade. Sugar forms 96 per cent. of the total export trade of Hawaii. In imports, British manufacturers are heavily handicapped by distance, heavy freights and a tariff varying from 10 to 25 per cent. Most American goods are imported free, under the reciprocity treaty. One attractive feature of American trade is the cheapness of the packing cases, which are frequently not charged for, while the charge for cases of English goods is extremely high; further, one of the chief reasons for the transfer to the United States of the trade in glassware, tools, implements, woodenware, etc., is said to be that English manufacturers are slow to adopt the light styles and new shapes that are in demand in the Hawaiian market. Coal for steamers is imported chiefly from British Columbia, Australia, and New Zealand. British cottons have declined in importance, and appear likely to decrease still more, and for various reasons—cheapness and better quality—American cottons are taking their place. In the better class of printed goods, according to Mr. Kenny, the British manufacturer more than holds his own still, the American competing in this class of goods with the French rather than the British producer. The sugar industry is prosperous and all the plantations are paying large dividends, mainly owing to the reciprocity treaty with the United States, but also to the enterprise and intelligence of the planters in adopting new and improved methods of production and treatment.

CATHOLICS.

Reprimanded in Porto Rico—President McKinley to the Pope.

SAN JUAN, Dec. 15.—The Roman Catholic priests at Ponce have issued a proclamation directing their people not to go near Protestants nor to receive presents from them, and forbidding them to enter the houses of Protestants. The priests denounce as illegal marriages performed by others than themselves.

Gen. Henry, the military commander of the island, has notified the alcalde of Ponce to inform the priests that they must stop issuing such disquieting proclamations, and that the denouncing of religious denominations will not be tolerated.

The alcalde is further instructed to tell the priests that if the action complained of is persisted in, the military will put an end to it.

LONDON, Dec. 16.—The Rome correspondent of the Daily Chronicle says: "In response to the Vatican's enquiry on the subject, Mr. McKinley has sent an assurance that the Roman Catholics in Cuba and the Philippines will enjoy the same ample liberty as the Catholics in America. The Washington Government has also promised the Pope that measures will be taken to prevent provisional government's despoiling convents or seizing ecclesiastical property. The Pope has sent his warmest thanks to President McKinley."

SPAIN'S TROUBLE AT HOME.

MADRID, via Bordeaux, Dec. 16.—The government is considering the question of arresting the principal Carlists. The most rigorous censorship of telegrams is maintained, and all messages relative to Carlist movements are stopped. Accounts of the recent disturbances in Havana are strictly prohibited. The army is being slowly mobilized in Navarre and the Basque provinces as a check to Carlist movements. These provinces are in northern Spain bordering on the French frontier.

ARMENIANS.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Dec. 14.—According to advices received here the Armenians are increasing in numbers. In the provinces of Van and Bitlis, among the Armenians, who in many places are suffering from lack of food, there is a great increase in the number of Armenians who are suffering from lack of food.

Mr. Martin Norris, clerk of the drug store of R. Stoenmaker, Perry, Ill., says: "A man came into our store the other day and said: 'I want a bottle of that stuff that cures children's lives.' I read in the News about it. The children may get sick when we can not get the doctor quick enough. It's the medicine you sell for croup." He alluded to Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and bought a bottle before he left the store. For sale by all druggists and dealers. Benson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for H. I.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVED AT HONOLULU.

Friday, December 23.
Schr. Kaulani, Benito, 12 hrs. from Wailua.
Stmr. Nacua, Pederson, 24 hrs. from Napoosoo; 9 hrs. from Lahaina; 840 bags H. A. Co. sugar, C. Brewer & Co., 31 bds. (Greenwell) cattle to Metropolitan Meat Co.
Gasoline schr. Malolo, Sass, fishing cruise.
Stmr. Lehua, Bennet, Molokai.
Saturday, December 24.
Stmr. Kinau, Clark, from Hawaii and Maui.
Stmr. W. G. Hall, Haglund, from Kaula.

Saturday, December 24.
Stmr. Maui, Freeman, 18 hrs. from Paauhau; 11,000 bags of sugar, W. G. Irwin & Co.; 75 head cattle, various.
Stmr. Upolu, Henningsen, 16 hrs. from Kohala.
Stmr. Mikahala, Thompson, 13 hrs. from Makawell; 4,000 bags sugar, W. G. Irwin & Co.
Stmr. J. A. Cummins, Searle, 6 hrs. from Waimanalo.
Stmr. Claudine, Cameron, 12 hrs. from Kahului.

Sunday, December 25.
Br. stmr. Miowera, Hemming, 7 1/2 days from Victoria; pass. and 250 tons mdse. to T. H. Davies & Co.
Stmr. Iwa, George, 16 hrs. from Makawell.
Stmr. James Makee, Tullett, 11 hrs. from Hanalei; 2,000 bags sugar, H. Hackfield & Co.; 300 bags rice, Castle & Cooke.

Stmr. Iwalani, Gregory, 14 hrs. from Waimae; 3,220 bags sugar, various.
Monday, December 26.
Am. bktn. Skagit, Robertson, 32 days from Port Ludlow, with lumber (in offing).

SAILED FROM HONOLULU.

Friday, December 23.
Stmr. Manua Loa, Simerson, Kona and Kau.
Stmr. James Makee, Tullett, Kapaa.
Stmr. Kilohana, Thompson, Makawell.

Am. brig W. G. Irwin, Williams, San Francisco.
Am. bark Fresno, Underwood, Puget Sound in ballast.

Saturday, December 24.
Am. bktn. Katie Flickenger, Monsen, Puget Sound, in ballast.
Monday, December 26.
Br. stmr. Miowera, Hemming, Sydney.

ISLAND PORTS.

HONOIUU—Arrived, Dec. 16, schr. John G. North.

FOREIGN PORTS.

PORT ANGELES—Dec. 16, sailed; Dec. 16, sh. Edward O'Brien, for Honolulu via Nainai.

PORT LUDLOW—Dec. 16, sailed, bktn. Kikikita, for Honolulu.

PORT TOWNSEND—Dec. 15, sailed, Dec. 14, bk. St. Catherine, from Departure Bay, for Honolulu.

CLALLAM BAY—Dec. 15, sailed, schr. Emma and Louise, for Seattle.

VESSELS IN PORT.

U. S. S. Bennington, Taussig, cruise, Dec. 21.

MERCHANTMEN.

(This list does not include coasters.)
Haw. bk. Andrew Welch, Drew, San Francisco, Nov. 10.
Am. sh. Volante, Allen, San Francisco, Nov. 11.

Am. sh. St. Francis, Winn, Norfolk, Nov. 15.

Am. bktn. Planter, Perry, Laysan Island, Nov. 16.

Br. bk. City of Adelaide, Williamson, Newcastle, Nov. 24.

Nor. bk. Fantasi, Anderson, Newcastle, December 1.

Br. bk. Woolabra, Barneeson, Newcastle, Dec. 4.

Am. bktn. Archer, McAlman, San Francisco, Dec. 3.

Am. bk. Wilna, Slater, Nainai, Dec. 9.

Ger. bk. J. C. Pfleger, Hoever, Bremen, Dec. 9.

Am. stmr. City of Columbia, Milnor, Hilo, Dec. 11.

Br. bk. Dominion, Jones, Baltimore, Dec. 13.

Am. schr. Transit, Jorgenson, San Francisco, Dec. 14.

Haw. bk. Hawaiian Isles, Kustel, Newcastle, Dec. 15.

Am. bk. Snow and Burgess, Mortenson, Newcastle, Dec. 15.

Am. bk. Mohican, Sanders, San Francisco, Dec. 17.

Haw. ship Port George, Morse, Newcastle, Dec. 17.

Am. bk. Aiden Besse, Potter, San Francisco, Dec. 19.

Haw. bk. Nuanu, Josselyn, New York, Dec. 19.

Am. schr. Aloha, Dabel, San Francisco, Dec. 20.

Am. stmr. Australia, Houdlette, San Francisco, Dec. 21.

Am. bktn. Skagit, Robertson, Port Ludlow, Dec. 26.

Notice to Shipmasters.

U. S. Branch Hydrographic Office, San Francisco, Cal.

By communicating with the Branch Hydrographic Office in San Francisco, captains of vessels who will co-operate with the Hydrographic Office by recording the meteorological observations suggested by the office, can have forwarded to them at any desired port, and free of expense, the monthly pilot charts of the North Pacific Ocean and the latest information regarding the dangers to navigation in the waters which they frequent.

Mariners are requested to report to the office dangers discovered, or any other information which can be utilized for correcting charts or sailing directions, or in the publication of the pilot charts of the North Pacific.

W. S. HUGHES,

Lieutenant, United States Navy.

PASSENGERS.

Arrived.

From Kaula ports, per stmr. Mikahala, Dec. 23.—A. F. Knudsen and wife, L. Kaulikeawe, H. Wilgeroth, Miss J. McLain, Miss Scott, Miss A. Blackstad, Miss Finckler.

From Maui, per stmr. Claudine, Dec. 24.—Miss Swickard, A. de Souza, N. Hopli, N. Nakila, wife and 2 children, J. Kaiwalea, B. K. Kaiwalea, wife and child, Miss R. Panui.

From Victoria, per steamer Miowera, Dec. 25.—Misses Cray, Tennant, Bery; Meadames Strahorn, Tennant, Graham; Devlin, Taylor, Herd, Ellison, Ballantyne; Messrs. Strahorn, Devlin, Graham, Carlton, Taylor, Cayless, Benton, Aroti, Richards; Herd, Ellison, Lenny, Ford, Bellington and Master Tennant; 16 Italians and 4 steerage.

From Hawaii and Maui, per stmr. Kinau, December 24.—Captain Lydie and valet, Major A. H. Nickelson, Mrs. Achilles and three children, Miss C. Wheelwright, W. S. Withers, J. Romaine, N. Mansurev, Rev. B. L. Howe, G. Rodick, C. H. Fairer, Mrs. G. Wilhelm, O. H. Schaefer, J. S. Smithies, Rev. H. Kihara, R. Birnie, Chung Hoon, Kwong You, W. White, C. A. Peterson, Miss Adley, W. E. Rowell, E. P. Dole, Mrs. R. Sandler, C. V. E. Dove, S. Laukua, Miss A. Winter, J. Graham, Mrs. L. Wallace, P. Kealakihoua, Miss M. Jordan, L. R. Medeiros and wife, T. Kawanakao, Mrs. K. Walpa, Mrs. R. Parker, Mrs. M. K. Keokoka, C. Frank, M. David, P. P. Phillips, Miss P. Jones, Miss Logan, Li Chung, Miss K. C. Scrimger, J. S. McCandless, W. H. Corawell, J. A. Thompson and wife, J. G. M. Sheldon and seventy-eight on deck.

From Kaula, per stmr. W. G. Hall, Dec. 24.—J. A. McCandless, C. E. Harvey, J. E. Gould, S. C. Caeo and wife, Miss S. Beermann, Miss E. Beermann, Miss A. Christian, A. St. C. Phala, W. C. Akana, Dr. Maxwell, S. T. Alexander, Mrs. S. T. Alexander, Miss Alexander, Miss Hardwick, Miss Sharp and 33 on deck.

Departed.

For Maui, Kona and Kau, per stmr. Mauna Loa, December 23.—Dr. A. R. Bowat, J. Greenwell, Mr. and Mrs. Taylor, J. D. Paris, Jr.; Miss E. Peopoe, Miss E. Peters, M. Christopherson, J. Garcia, Master McCann, Master Sylva, A. Emos, J. Gaspar, P. Oswell, Mrs. Atherly, Mary Burgess, Miss Moise, R. Burgess, Akona, J. J. Colinal, Miss A. Gannon, J. McLennan, N. C. Wilfont, Miss A. Horner, Miss A. Sorenson, Miss M. G. Beckwith, C. L. Scrimger, Mr. O'Connor, Rev. W. Ault, Mr. Kiehou and wife, R. Nowlin, Miss Kaupiko, L. Kaupiko, S. W. Kaai.

From Molokai, per stmr. Lehua, December 23.—H. M. Whitney, J. Auld, Mrs. Tollefson, Miss Tollefson and four on deck.

For Kaula, per stmr. Kilohana, December 23.—Mrs. Dr. Derby, Miss G. King, Miss Scott, Miss Rice, Miss Cartwright, P. Isenberg, Miss Green, Miss Duncan.

For Kapaa, per stmr. James Makee, December 23.—R. C. Spaulding.

SAILING VESSELS FOR HONOLULU.

Due in December.

Vessel. From.
Martha Davis, Am. bk. S. F. J. D. Spreckels, Am. bk. S. F. Edward O'Brien, Am. ship S. F. R. P. Rithet, Am. bk. S. F. John G. North, Am. schr. (Haw.) S. F. Anamba, Br. bk. Liverpool W. F. Babcock, Am. ship Baltimore Prince Edward, Nor. bk. Baltimore Kikikita, Am. bktn. Port Ludlow Alice Cooke, Am. schr. Port Gambie Spokane, Am. schr. Port Gambie A. M. Campbell, Am. schr. Ludlow Bethel Buhne, Am. schr. Eureka Willisoot, Haw. bk. Nainai St. Katherine, Am. bk. Nainai Harry Morse, Am. bk. Nainai Diamond Head, Haw. bk. Nainai Bethel Buhne, Am. bk. Townsend Prosper, Am. bk. Tacoma Republic, Ch. ship Newcastle City of Adelaide, Br. bk. Newcastle King Arthur, Br. ship Newcastle Oregon, Am. bk. Newcastle Dominion, Br. bk. Newcastle McNear, Am. bk. Newcastle January.

W. H. Dimond, Am. bktn. S. F. Irmgard, Am. bktn. S. F. O. M. Kellogg, Am. schr. (K) Gamble Geneva, Am. bk. Clipperton Island Mildred, Am. schr. Gamble Hercules, Nor. ship Newcastle Albany, Ger. bk. Westport Geo. R. Skiffeld, Am. ship Yokohama

Due in February.

Livermark, Br. bk. Liverpool Lindthgowshire, Br. ship London S. D. Carleton, Am. ship Hongkong Defender, Am. schr. Tacoma

Due in March.

A. J. Fuller, Am. ship Norfolk Aryan, Am. ship Norfolk

Due in May.

Iroquois, Am. ship Baltimore Carneed Llewellyn, Br. ship Liverpool

CHARTERED.

George Curtis, Am. ship New York Jane L. Stanford, Am. bktn Newcastle Blaimore, Br. ship Newcastle H. D. Bendixon, Am. schr. Newcastle Robert Sudden, Am. bk. Newcastle Himalaya, Br. bk. Newcastle Louisiana, Am. schr. Newcastle Carrier Dove, Am. schr. Newcastle Honolulu, Haw. schr. Newcastle Newbury, Am. bktn Newcastle Marlet, Am. schr. Newcastle Mary Winkelman, Am. bktn Newcastle Honolulu, Am. schr. Newcastle Oika, Am. schr. Newcastle Edward May, Am. bk. Newcastle Chas. F. Greiner, Am. bk. Newcastle John C. Potter, Am. bk. Newcastle King Cyrus, Am. schr. Newcastle Adair, Am. bk. Newcastle Defender, Am. schr. Newcastle W. H. Talbot, Am. schr. Newcastle

Late last night three Bennington men who had been posted as sleepers were arrested. There is a reward of \$20 for each man.

The steamer Claudine brought an unusually abbreviated list of passengers and a small lot of freight to port last Saturday. She sails as usual this afternoon.

WHARF AND WAVE.

City of Peking from San Francisco tomorrow.

Double time—\$4 a day—was paid for work alongshore yesterday.

On account of the departure of the Australia this afternoon no freight will be delivered for Oceanic dock today.

Capt. Calhoun, of the bark Ceylon, at Tacoma, will take command of the Archer, in San Francisco, says the Seattle P. I.

The Canadian-Australian liner Miowera docked at Pacific Mail wharf last Sunday evening with a small lot of freight and a number of passengers from Victoria and sailed at 6 o'clock the following morning for Sydney via Suva. Purser Humphreys was somewhat under the weather and will next spring take several months' vacation visiting England. Commander Free formerly of the Canadian-Australian line will be in Sydney next July in charge of a fine new steamship for the Huddart line between Sydney and Auckland.

The steamer Maui arrived from Paauhau ports last Saturday night with a big cargo of sugar, which was discharged into the Australia yesterday. Rough weather is reported off the Hamakua coasts, the seas at Paauhau being very high. Just before leaving Paauhau the whole lower works at that landing were carried away by the waves. On the way to port the Maui was continually under water and it was thought that some of the cargo would be damaged, but not a single bag of sugar was found to be wet. The Maui brought a deckload of cattle for the Settlement and the local market. She will return to Hamakua this week.

BORN.

LINDSAY—At Kohala, Hawaii, on the 18th inst., to the wife of Adam Lindsay, a daughter.

MARRIED.

WILLIAMS-KEALOHA.—In this city, at the residence of the bride's father, December 25, 1898, by Elder Abraham Fernandez, Miss Annie Williams to Mr. Kumano Kealoa.

METEOROLOGICAL RECORD.

By the Government Survey, Published Every Monday.

DATE	BAROM.	WIND	TEMP.	REL. HUM.	RAIN	SEA	MOON
Dec. 23	30.00	W	68	70	0.00	62	1
Dec. 24	30.00	W	68	70	0.00	62	1
Dec. 25	30.00	W	68	70	0.00	62	1
Dec. 26	30.00	W	68	70	0.00	62	1
Dec. 27	30.00	W	68	70	0.00	62	1
Dec. 28	30.00	W	68	70	0.00	62	1
Dec. 29	30.00	W	68	70	0.00	62	1
Dec. 30	30.00	W	68	70	0.00	62	1
Dec. 31	30.00	W	68	70	0.00	62	1

Barometer corrected for temperature and elevation, but not for gravity.

TIDES, SUN AND MOON.

DAY	Low Tide	High Tide	Low Tide	High Tide	Low Tide	High Tide	Low Tide	High Tide
Mon.	26	8.02	3.20	7.57	10.40	6.36	5.26	5.39
Tues.	27	8.85	3.59	8.85	11.09	6.36	5.26	5.32
Wed.	28	4.04	4.25	11.30	9.14	6.27	6.23	6.23
Thurs.	29	4.31	5.11	11.53	9.52	6.27	6.23	7.17
Frid.	30	4.59	5.55	12.20	10.35	6.27	6.23	8.07
Sat.	31	5.27	6.28	12.45	11.28	6.27	6.23	8.57
Sun.	1	5.50	7.20	1.15	12.20	6.27	6.23	9.46

Full moon on the 27, at 10.52 p.m.

The tide and moon phases are given in Standard time. The time of sun and moon rising and setting being given for all ports in the group are in Local time, to which the respective corrections to Standard time applicable to each different port should be made.

The Standard time whistle sounds at 12h. 0m. 0s. (midnight), Greenwich time, which is 1h. 30m. p. m. of Hawaiian Standard time.

Have a Yell.

Talk about your college and class yells—the boys of the little gunboat have a "warm one" of their own. Here it is:

Who are we?
Who are we?
We are the boys of the New Naves!
Are we in it?
Yes, we are!
Boys of the Bennington!
Rah! Rah! Rah!

Bar Meeting.

A large number of the attorneys practicing here were on hand last Saturday afternoon for the called meeting of the bar of the First Circuit. A committee was appointed to arrange for the banquet to the Chief Justice.

At the bar meeting the contempt case of Attorney Geo. A. Davis was mentioned, but no action was taken.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT, FIFTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT OF THE HAWAIIAN ISLANDS—IN PROBATE.

In the matter of the Estate of Jared K. Smith, late of Koloa, Kauai, deceased.

The petition and accounts of the executor of the will of said deceased, wherein they ask that their accounts be examined and approved, and that a final order be made of distribution of the property remaining in their hands to the persons thereto entitled, and discharging them from all further responsibility as such executors.

It is ordered that Thursday, the 12th day of January, A. D. 1899, at 10 o'clock a. m., before the Judge of said Court at the Court Room of said Court at Lihue, Island of Kauai, be and the same is hereby appointed as the time and place for hearing said petition and accounts, and that all persons interested may then and there appear and show cause, if any they have, why the same should not be granted.

Lihue, Kauai, 10th December, 1898.

By the Court:

R. W. T. PURVIS,

Clerk.

SALE OF LANDS BY AUTHORITY.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE.

Honolulu, H. I., December 7, 1898.
Notice is hereby given that Nathan C. Whitling has been appointed as Tax Assessor and Collector for the Third Division, Island of Hawaii.

S. M. DAMON,
Minister of Finance.

OFFICE AUDITOR GENERAL.

Honolulu, H. I., December 5, 1898.

NOTICE TO PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS.

Public accountants are requested to make prompt returns to the Treasury of all collections on Government account to December 31, 1898, and to send in their sworn statements thereof to the Auditor General's Department without delay.

Honolulu accountants not later than January 5, 1899, and those residing on other Islands not later than January 10, 1899.

When the last remittance is made on accounts of 1898 receipts, advise the Treasury Department to that effect.

H. C. AUSTIN,
Auditor General.

Approved:
S. M. DAMON,
Minister of Finance.

2026-2w

PUBLIC LANDS NOTICE.

December 30th at 12 o'clock noon, at the front entrance of the Judiciary Building, will be sold at public auction:

Lease of the bottom land of Waimanu valley, Hamakua, Hawaii, containing 200 acres more or less. This land is well watered and affords opportunity for rice cultivation.

Term of lease—21 years.

Upset price \$400 per year, tenant to pay \$8 per acre additional for any amount cultivated in rice above fifty acres.

For further particulars, plans, etc., apply at Public Lands Office, Honolulu.

J. F. BROWN,
Agent of Public Lands.

November 22, 1898. 2023-td

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT G. Borchgrevink and C. E. Hofgaard, both of Waimae, Kauai, have this day entered into a partnership under the firm of: WAIMAE SODA AND ICE WORKS for the manufacture of aerated waters and ice.

G. BORCHGREVINK,
C. E. HOFGAARD.
Waimae, Kauai, December 17, 1898.
2032-4tt

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING been duly appointed Administrator of the estate of Henry Cooper, minor, late of Makawao, Maui, deceased, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said estate, to present their claims duly authenticated with proper vouchers, if any exist, at my office, Wailuku, Maui, within six months from date hereof, or they will be forever barred. And all persons indebted to said estate are hereby requested to make immediate payment thereof to the undersigned.

S. KAPA,
Administrator of the estate of Henry Cooper.
Dated, Wailuku, Maui, December 8, 1898. 2028-4tt

ELECTION OF OFFICERS.

AT A SPECIAL MEETING OF THE stockholders of W. W. Dimond & Co., Ltd., held at their office in Honolulu, on Wednesday, December 14, 1898, Miss L. A. Paris was elected to serve for the balance of the ensuing term as secretary vice Mr. Frank L. Unger, resigned.

ARTHUR GILES,
Secretary Pro Tem.

2030-4tt